

Pakistan Institute of Public Finance Accountants

Syllabus Scheme 2020

Career Plan & Syllabus

	S. No	Subjects	Hours
LEVEL – 1 & 2 There will be six subjects. Question paper will be of two hours, each containing 50 MCQs (Computer Based Examinations). Common in Corporate & Public Sector	1 2 3	Quantitative Methods Basic Accounting Business English & Behavioral Studies	70 70 70
Syllabus	4 5 6	Business Economics Business Laws Cost Accounting	60 60 70
LEVEL – 3 There will be six subjects. Three hours question paper will be set comprising of short form questions 40%, long form ques- tions 30%, scenario based questions 30%.	7 8 9 10	Financial Accounting Taxation Business Communication & Report Writing Management Strategy	60 66 70 60
LEVEL – 4 There will be four subjects. Three hours question paper will be set comprising of short form questions 30%, long form ques- tions 30% and scenario based 40%	11 12 13 14	Financial Reporting Management Accounting Audit, Assurance & Ethics Business Organization	70 70 66 60

Note: The students will be required to produce certificate of computer competency practical training (CCPT) from existing PIPFA approved CCPT Centrers, AATI Regional Campuses, ICAP RAETs, ICMA Pakistan Regional Campuses or W4/3 category universities, However, those students who do not have any additional qualification in IT from above mentioned institutes/universities or there is no PIPFA arrangements for the training of CCPT can appear in PIPFA Challenge Exam and get CCPT Certificate on qualifying the CCPT Challenge Exam.

Level – 1

1 Quantitative Methods

2 Basic Accounting

3 Business English and Behavioral Studies

LEVEL 1

QUANTITATIVE METHODS

Objective

To develop the ability to apply quantitative methods and statistics to business problems.

Learning Outcomes

On the successful completion of this paper candidates will be able to:

1	Understand basic mathematical tools that would be used in financial analysis at the next levels				
2	Apply financial mathematics to solve problems related to financial management				
3	Use calculus to solve maximization and minimization problems				
4	Solve problems involving linear programming by the use of graphical methods				
5	Understand different methods of collecting and presenting statistical data				
6	Compute and analysis measures of central tendency and measures of dispersion				
7	Understand the concept of index numbers and their practical applications				
8	Using regression and correlation analysis to study historic trends and predicting changes independent variable on the basis of its relationship with independent variable				
9	Compute probability involving discreet as well as continuous data				
10	Making decisions using sampling techniques involved in hypothesis testing, confidence interval estimation and determination of probability				

S. No.	Syllabus Contents Area	Weightage %
А	Business Mathematics	
1	Basic Mathematics	10 - 15
2	Mathematics of Finance	15 - 20
3	Calculus and Linear Programming	15 - 20
В	Statistical Data analysis for Decision making	
4	Statistical Concepts	10 - 15
5	Correlation & Regression Analysis	10 - 15
6	Probability and probability distribution	10 - 15
7	Sampling and decision making	10 - 15
	Total	100

Sylla Re		Contents	Level	Learning Outcome
Α		BUSINESS MATHEMATICS		
1		Basic Mathematics		
	1	Exponential and logarithmic functions	2	LO1.1.1: Demonstrate adequate knowledge of laws of logarithm
				LO1.1.2: Make use of logarithms in solving business problems
				LO1.1.3: Perform calculations involving exponential and logarithmic functions
				LO1.1.4: Analyze the behaviour of business problems involving exponential and logarithmic functions.
	2	Equation of straight line	2	LO1.2.1: Demonstrate adequate understanding of various forms of the equation of a straight line.
				LO1.2.2: Identify business situations where the equation of a straight line could be used
				LO1.2.3: Use the equation of a straight line in relevant business problems.
	3	Simultaneous linear equations and their application	2	LO1.3.1: Demonstrate an understanding of linear inequalities
				LO1.3.2: Demonstrate the graphical presentation of linear inequalities.
	4	Solving Quadratic Equation	2	LO1.4.1: Demonstrate adequate command of solving simple equations, including two variable simultaneous equations and quadratic equations.
	5	Factorization of Equation (Square of sum of two expressions,	2	LO1.5.1: Perform multiplication and division operations on linear and quadratic equations
		Square of difference of two expres- sions, Difference between two squares completion of squares)		LO1.5.2: Solve quadratic equations by factoring and by completing the square method.
	6	Co-ordinate System (Understanding of slope, intercept, slope intercept form of equation and preparation of graph of linear equations)	2	LO1.6.1: Demonstrate understanding of the coordinate system and be able to prepare graphs of linear equations.
	7	Arithmetic and Geometric progression and their application.	2	LO1.7.1: Identify situations where data is in arithmetic progression
				LO1.7.2: Use arithmetic progression in business problems to calculate monthly installments, first installment, total amount paid and total time required for settlement of a loan etc

Sylla Re		Contents	Level	Learning Outcome
2		Mathematics of Finance		
	а	Simple and Compound Interest	2	LO2.1.1: Calculate interest value using simple
	b	Annual, periodic and effective interest rates	2	interest. LO2.2.1: Calculate interest value using compound
	С	Time value of money	2	interest.
				LO2.3.1: To understand investment return with credit terms and inflation
	d	Present Value and Discounting	2	 LO2.4.1: Calculate the present value of a future cash sum using both a formula and tables LO2.4.2: Calculate the net present value (NPV) of a project LO2.4.3: Use NPVs to choose between mutually
				exclusive projects.
	е	Future Values	2	LO2.5.1: Calculate future values using both simple and compound interest.
	f	Net Present Value	2	LO2.6.1: Calculate the present value of an annuity using both a formula and tables.
	i	Annuities and Perpetuities	2	LO2.7.1: Calculate the present value of an annuity using both a formula and tables.
	j	Internal rate of return (including the use of interpolation)	2	LO2.8.1: Explain with examples the use of the internal rate of return of a project.
3 A		Calculus		
	а	Rules for finding derivatives (Sum, difference, product and quotient rule)	2	LO3A.1.1: Demonstrate an adequate understanding of rules of differentiation.
	b	Marginal Revenue, Cost and Profit functions	2	 LO3A.2.1: Make use of differentiation techniques in determining marginal functions LO3A.2.2: Calculate revenue, cost and profit of a marginal unit using differentiation techniques.
	С	Maximization and minimizing problems and the use of second order derivatives	2	LO3A.3.1: Demonstrate the application of second order derivatives in calculating maxima, minima and the point of inflexion.
3B		Linear Programming		
	а	Linear inequalities	2	LO3B.1.1: Analyze the solution of a linear
	С	Converting simple situations into linear inequalities	2	programming problem and identify alternative and optimum solutions, if any exist.
	d	Graphical solution to linear programming problems	2	LO3B.2.1: Demonstrate adequate expertise in transforming a business problem into a system of linear programming.
	е	Feasible region (bounded as well as unbounded), redundant constraints, no feasible solution, alternative optimum solution	2	 LO3B.3.1: Identify constraints and cost minimization or profit maximization functions LO3B.3.2: Identify the redundant constraint LO3B.3.3: Use the Corner Point Theorem LO3B.3.4: Prepare a graphical solution of a linear programming problem LO3B.3.5: Analyze a graphical solution and identify whether it has a bounded or an unbounded feasible region or no feasible solution at all.

Sylla Re		Contents	Level	Learning Outcome
В		STATISTICAL DATA ANALYSIS FOR DECISION MAKING		
4		Statistical Concepts		
	а	Collection and tabulation of data	2	LO4.1.1: Classify different types of data LO4.1.2: Perform data collection through various methods
	b	Bar charts, pie charts, histograms, frequency polygons, ogives, stem and leaf display	2	 LO4.2.1: Present data using a simple bar chart, a multiple bar chart and a component bar chart LO4.2.2: Construct pie charts, histograms, frequency polygons, ogives, stem and leaf display and box and whisker plots LO4.2.3: Analyze graphical representations of data.
	С	Measures of central tendencies (Arithmetic/geometric/harmonic means, median, mode)	2	 LO4.3.1: Calculate various measures of central tendency such as mode, median, arithmetic, geometric and harmonic means LO4.3.2: Analyze the advantages and disadvantages of various central tendency measures
	d	Measures of dispersion (standard deviation, variance)	2	 LO4.4.1: Identify the characteristics and measures of dispersion LO4.4.2: Use measures of dispersion, such as standard deviation or variance, to ascertain the degree of variation or variability in a distribution.
	е	Index numbers, weighted index numbers (Laspeyre, Paasche and Fisher price indices), purchasing power and deflation of income	2	 LO4.5.1: Define the index number and its types LO4.5.2: Use different formulae/methods to calculate various types of index number LO4.5.3: Analyze the uses and limitations of index numbers. For example, use index numbers to deflate or inflate a series and explain the result.
5		Correlation & Regression Analysis		
	а	Scatter diagram	2	LO5.1.1: Demonstrate an understanding of scatter diagrams, including their construction, uses and limitations
	b	Linear regression lines by method of least squares	2	 LO5.2.1: Demonstrate an understanding of the basic concept of regression lines and how they are used LO5.2.2: Use least squares linear regression to construct a regression line (line of best fit) LO5.2.3: Analyze regression lines LO5.2.4: Use a regression line to calculate a forecast of the value of a dependent variable where the value of an independent variable is given.
	С	Co-efficient of correlation and determination	2	LO5.3.1: Calculate and analyze coefficients of correlation and determination.

Sylla R	abus ef	Contents	Level	Learning Outcome
	d	Rank correlation	2	LO5.4.1: Define rank correlation LO5.4.2: Calculate the rank correlation coefficient between two sets of data and explain the value.
	е	Interpretation	2	LO5.5.1: Demonstrate an understanding of the basic concept of correlation coefficient analysis.
6		Probability and Probability Distribution		
	а	Permutations and Combinations	2	LO6.1.1: Use counting techniques, like the mn counting rule and factorials for calculating, for example, a total number of outcomes
				LO6.1.2: Use permutations and combination to calculate the total number of possible selections from a set of data.
	b	Probability	2	LO6.2.1: Understand the definition of probability and other basic terms as well as their application.
	С	Addition law for mutually exclusive and not mutually exclusive events	2	 LO6.3.1: Use the addition rule while calculating probabilities LO6.3.2: Identify the difference between mutually exclusive and non- mutually exclusive events.
	d	Multiplicative laws for dependent and independent events	2	 LO6.4.1: Identify the difference between dependent and independent events LO6.4.2: The use of multiplication rule while calculating conditional probabilities.
	е	Probability Distributions (Binomial, Hyper-geometric and Normal)	2	LO6.5.1: Account for the assumptions that underlie the Binomial distribution LO6.5.2: Demonstrate the use of Binomial distribution to calculate probabilities.
7		Sampling and Decision Making		
	а	Population and sample	2	 LO7.1.1: Calculate a sample size for an interval estimate of a population mean LO7.1.2: Calculate a sample size for an interval estimate of a population proportion.
	b	Random Sampling	2	LO7.2.1: Understand the terms, population and sample
				LO7.2.2: Explain methods for selecting a simple random sample.
	С	Sampling with and without replacement	2	LO7.3.1: Define and construct a sampling distribution of the sample means
				LO7.3.2: Calculate the mean and standard deviation of a sampling distribution of sampling means.
	d	Sampling Distribution and Sampling Error of mean	2	LO7.4.1: Calculate standard error of mean.

Syllab Ref		Contents	Level	Learning Outcome
	e	Hypothesis testing (population mean, population proportion, difference between population means and difference between two population proportions)	2	 LO7.5.1: Demonstrate the use of hypothesis testing, significance testing and testing a hypothesis LO7.5.2: Perform hypothesis test of population means based on small and large samples LO7.5.3: Perform hypothesis tests of the difference between two population means based on small and large samples LO7.5.4: Perform hypothesis tests of the difference between two population proportions LO7.5.5: Select appropriate distributions i.e., z or t for constructing a confidence interval for a population mean.
	f	Estimation (Confidence intervals for population mean, proportion and variance and difference between population mean, proportion and variance.	2	LO7.6.1: Construct the confidence interval for population means and difference of means LO7.6.2: Construct the confidence interval for population means and difference of proportion and variance.
	İ	Chi-Square distribution (test of independence and test of goodness of fit)		

LEVEL 1 BASIC ACCOUNTING

To enable candidates to equip themselves with the fundamental concepts of accounts needed as a foundation for higher studies of accounting.

Learning	Outcome			
On the su	ccessful completion of this paper candidates will be able to:			
1	Understand how businesses are organized and the different types of business transactions.			
2	Identify financial transactions and make journal entries.			
3	Understand the formats of special journals and record entries therein.			
4	Prepare journal ledger accounts and trial balance.			
5	Make adjustments prior to preparation of final accounts.			
6	6 Prepare bank reconciliation statements, reconcile control accounts with subsidiary ledger an Make related correcting entries in general and subsidiary ledgers.			
7	7 Prepare financial statements of a sole trader			
8	Prepare accounts from incomplete records			

S. No.	Syllabus Contents Area	Weightage %
1	Introduction to Accounting	8 - 12
2	Book Keeping	35 - 45
3	Preparation of Financial Statements of a sole trader	20 - 30
4	Preparation of Accounts from Incomplete Records	20 - 30
	Total	100

Sylla Re		Contents	Level	Learning Outcome
1		Introduction to Accounting		
	(a)	Business Entities and Business Transaction	1	LO1.1.1: Explain the characteristics of a business LO1.1.2: Classify transactions that fall under the definition of business transactions.
	(b)	Forms of business organizations (sole proprietorship, partnership and limited liability companies)	1	LO1.2.1: Describe the key features of sole proprietorship, partnership and limited company LO1.2.2: Differentiate amongst the features of sole proprietorship, partnership and limited company
	(c)	Fundamental accounting concepts (Accrual, going concern, true and fair view, consistency, prudence, substance over form, materiality, completeness)	1	 LO1.3.1: Explain the difference between book-keeping and accounting LO1.3.2: Understand and apply the main accounting concepts, namely, accrual, consistency, and completeness LO1.3.3: Demonstrate familiarity with the concepts of true and fair view, materiality, prudence, going concern and substance over form.

	abus ef	Contents	Level	Learning Outcome
	(d)	Financial Statements (Quantitative Characteristics of Financial Statements, Objective, Components, Assumptions of Preparing Financial Statements & Users)	1	 LO1.4.1: List the components of a set of financial statements LO1.4.2: Explain the characteristics and purpose of the statement of financial position and the statement of comprehensive income LO1.4.3: Describe the basic presentation layout of statement of financial position and statement of comprehensive income
				LO1.4.4: Identify users of financial information and describe how the information is useful to them.
2		Book Keeping		
	(a)	Elements of financial statements (Assets, Liabilities, Equity, Income, Expense)	1	 LO2.1.1: Define and identify examples of assets, liabilities, equity, income and expenses LO2.1.2: Apply the underlying concepts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses.
	(b)	Double entry system and rules for debit and credit	2	 LO2.2.1: Understand and apply, the accounting equation (Assets = Liabilities + Equity) LO2.2.2: Identify financial and nonfinancial transactions in a well- defined scenario LO2.2.3: Understand and apply the concept of double entry accounting
	(c)	General Journal	2	LO2.3.1: Understand the use of business documents as source of information
	(d)	Cash Book	2	LO2.4.1: Understand the use and format of the cash book and its types LO2.4.2: Record their respective entries
	(e)	Sales Journal and Sales Ledger	2	LO2.5.1: Describe the basic contents of the sales
	(f)	Purchase Journal and Purchase Ledger	2	day book, sales ledger, LO2.6.1: Customer/debtor's ledger, purchase day book, purchase journal and purchase ledger/creditors ledger
	(g)	General Ledger	2	LO2.7.1: Describe the main features of the general ledger
	(h)	General Ledger Control Accounts and their reconciliation with subsidiary ledgers	2	LO2.8.1: Post entries in the general ledger LO28.2: Balance the ledger accounts as required, make transfers to the final accounts
	(i)	Bank Reconciliation Statement	2	 LO2.9.1: Understand the need for a bank reconciliation LO2.9.2: Identify the main reasons for differences between the cash book and bank statements LO2.9.3: Prepare a bank reconciliation statement in the circumstances of simple and well explained transactions LO2.9.4: Correct cash book errors and post journal entries after identifying the same in bank reconciliation statement.

_	abus Ref	Contents	Level	Learning Outcome
3		Preparation of Financial Statements of a sole trader		
	(a) (b)		2	 LO3.1.1: Understand the purpose of the trial balance LO3.1.2: Understand and demonstrate mapping between general ledger balances and the trial balance LO3.1.3: Identify the limitations of a trial balance. LO3.2.1: Explain the nature of depreciation expense and accumulated depreciation LO3.2.2: Calculate depreciation expense using straight line, diminution balance, sum-of-digits and number of units produced methods LO3.2.3: To understand that the Closing stock is the amount of inventory that a business still has on hand at the end of a reporting period LO3.2.4: Understand the journal entry of closing inventory and appreciating the impact of increase and decrease of closing inventory on reported profit or loss of entity LO3.2.6: Understand the disposal of fixed assets and gain/(loss) on disposal LO3.2.7: Post journal entry of disposal and gain or loss on disposal LO3.2.8: Estimate allownce for bad debts based on a given policy. LO3.2.10: Compute and record write-off and
				 understand its impact on allownce of bed debts LO3.2.11: Understand the matching concept that applies to prepayments and accurals LO3.2.12: Post journal entries and ladgers entries for prepayments and accurals LO3.2.13: Post adjusting entries to recognized revenue or expenses LO3.2.14: Identify the types of error which occur in a record keeping system LO3.2.15: Calculate and understand the impact of errors on the financial statements within a reporting period LO3.2.16: Prepare journal entries to correct errors that have occured within a reporting period

	abus ef	Contents	Level	Learning Outcome
	(c)	Statement of Financial Position (Balance Sheet)	2	LO3.3.1: Explain the difference between a trading and a service business
				LO3.3.2: Understand the purpose of the statement of financial position
				LO3.3.3: Prepare simple statements of financial position from information provided.
	(d)	Income Statement	2	LO3.4.1: Understand the purpose of the statement of comprehensive income
				LO3.4.2: Prepare simple statements of comprehensive income from information provided.
4	4 Preparation of Accounts from Incomplete Records		2	LO4.1.1:Define 'incomplete record'
				LO4.1.2:Understand the cause & effect of incomplete record
				LO4.1.3:UsingComparison Method & Analysis Method
				LO4.1.4:Prepare financial report from incomplete record

LEVEL 1 BUSINESS ENGLISH AND BEHAVIORAL STUDIES

Objective

To ensure that candidates can communicate effectively in the English language

Learning	Outcome			
On the su	ccessful completion of this paper candidates will be able to:			
1	1 Have a reasonably large vocabulary and the ability to use the different words in business English			
2	2 Construct grammatically correct sentences			
3	3 Demonstrate good English comprehension skills			
4	Understand basic concepts of organizational and human behavior in the context of a business organization			

S. No.	Syllabus Contents Area	Weightage %
1	Vocabulary	15 - 20
2	English Grammar	40 - 45
3	Comprehension	10 - 15
4	Behavioral Studies	25 - 30
	Total	100

Syllabus Ref		Contents	Level	Learning Outcome
1		Vocabulary		
	(a) (b) (c)	Identify the correct meaning of the words (A list of approximately 3500 commonly used words would be provided by PIPFA) Identification of Synonyms and antonyms of the above words Using the above words into sentences	3	 LO1.1.1: Comprehend the role that language plays in different contexts LO1.1.2: Identify the correct meaning of the word and use synonyms or antonyms for the given words in a sentence LO1.1.3: Construct meaningful sentences using the prescribed word list.
2		English Grammar		
	(a)	Parts of speech	3	LO2.1.1: Suggest the use of verb, adverb, noun, pronoun, adjective, preposition, conjunction and interjection in constructing sentences.
	(b)	Rules for formation of sentences	3	LO2.2.1: Understand and determine declarative,
	(c)	Declarative, interrogative, imperative exclamatory and optative sentences	3	interrogative, imperative, exclamatory and optative sentences LO2.3.1: Understand and identify simple, compound, complex, multiple and conditional
	(d)	Simple, Compound, complex, multiple and conditional sentences	3	sentences LO2.4.1: Understand the use of simple, composed and complex sentenses together
	(e)	Phrases and Idioms	3	LO2.5.1: Construct meaningful sentences using commonly used phrases and idioms.
	(f)	Use of Tenses	3	LO2.6.1: Understand and apply rules of tenses in sentences.

_	abus Ref	Contents	Level	Learning Outcome
	(g)	Direct and indirect speech	2	 LO2.7.1: Understand the difference between direct and indirect speech LO2.7.2: Use direct speech with the correct punctuations and various reporting verbs LO2.7.3: Identify the changes incidental to the transformation of direct speech to indirect speech.
	(h)	Active and passive voice	3	LO2.8.1: Change the active voice to passive voice and passive voice to active voice.
	(i)	Punctuation	3	LO2.9.1: Determine the appropriate use of capital letter, question mark, exclamation mark, full stop, semi-colon, comma, colon, apostrophe, quotation marks, brackets, dash, hyphen and ellipsis.
3		Comprehension		
	(a)	Answering questions from given passage	3	LO3.1.1: Comprehend a brief write up and answer questions based on that write up.
4		Behavioral Studies		
	(a)	Definition and approaches to behavioral studies	3	 LO4.1.1: Describe the principles of scientific management stated by Fredrick Taylor LO4.1.2: Explain the key principles of management by Fayol and Urwick LO4.1.3: Explain theories of management by Weber, Rosemary Stewart and Elton Mayo LO4.1.4: Discuss the criticism on scientific management
	(b)	Organizational Cultures	3	and classical approach to management LO4.2.1: Describe organisational culture using examples LO4.2.2: Discuss using examples the different levels of organisational culture LO4.2.3: Describe the types of cultures and their efficacies in the context of performances of organisations
	(c)	External and general factors affecting organizational behavior	3	LO4.3.1: List the characteristics of bureaucratic organisa- tions and discuss criticism on this form of management
	(d)	Management by objectives and management by exception	3	LO4.4.1: Discuss theories of management presented by Peter Drucker, Rosabeth Moss Kanter and Mintzberg.
	(e)	 Individual Behavior Perceptions and attitudes Job satisfaction and stress Self-efficacy Motivation and motivational factors 	3	LO4.5.1: Discuss the Hawthorne experiments on human relation approach, their significance and implications LO4.5.2: Discuss critically the relevance of these experiments for management and organisational behaviour
	(f)	Types and theories of leadership and skills of leaders	3	LO4.6.1: Discuss Theory X, Theory Y and Theory Z including their implications and differences.
	(g)	Conflict and negotiation	3	 LO4.7.1: Explain various stages of the negotiation process LO4.7.2: Describe the different skills of effective negotiators LO4.7.3: Describe the roles of mediators, arbitrators, conciliators and consultants LO4.7.4: Explain the low risk Techniques of negotiation LO4.7.5: Explain the high risk Techniques of negotiation.

Level – 2

4 Business Economics

5 Business Laws

6 Cost Accounting

LEVEL 2 BUSINESS ECONOMICS

Objective

To enable candidates to equip themselves with the fundamental concepts of economics and finance needed as foundation for higher studies of finance.

Learning	Outcome					
On the su	On the successful completion of this paper, candidates will be able to:					
1	Understand the basic concepts of economics and their importance					
2	Understand the basic concepts of micro-economics (Demand and supply, consumer behavior, equilibrium of firms, market competition and laws of returns)					
3	Understand the basic concepts of macro-economic and their impact on economic condition of a country.					
4	Understand the working of a banking system, financial markets and international trade.					

S. No.	Syllabus Contents Area	Weightage %
1	Basic concepts of economics	5 - 10
2	Microeconomics	25 - 35
3	Macroeconomics	25 - 35
4	Banking system, financial markets and international Trade	25 - 35
	Total	100

Syllabus Ref		Contents	Level	Learning Outcome
1		Basic Concept of economics		
	(a)	Multiplicity of wants and scarcity of resources	1	 LO1.1.1: Overview of the definitions of economics put forward by Adam Smith, Alfred Marshall and Lionel Robbins LO1.1.2: Describe the scope, objectives and importance of economics LO1.1.3: Describe the concept of scarcity, kinds of scarce resources, choices and wants LO1.1.4: Describe, with examples, the concept of economic problem and its implications for an economy
	(b)	Factors of Production	1	 LO1.2.1: Describe the concepts of goods and services and identify various types of goods namely merit goods, demerit goods, public goods, private goods, club goods and free goods LO1.2.2: Differentiate between microeconomics and macroeconomics and their scope, importance and limitations. LO1.2.3: Distinguish income from wealth.
	(c)	Production Possibility Curve	1	 LO1.3.1: Explain with examples the four factors of production and identify the rewards of factors of production LO1.3.2: Describe the concepts of economic agents, consumption, production and specialization, division of labor, technology and capital formation LO1.3.3: Describe the production possibility curve and its relevance to the concept of opportunity cost.

Syllabus Ref	Contents	Level	Learning Outcome
(d)	Economic systems (Market, Planned, Mixed, Islamic)	1	LO1.4.1: Describe the major functions of an economic system
			LO1.4.2: Explain the salient features of planned mixed, market economy and Islamic economic system
			LO1.4.3: Provide example of a mixed economy, a planned economy and a market economy
			LO1.4.4: Describe the merits and demerits of planned, mixed and market economies
			LO1.4.5: Compare the Islamic economic system with other economic systems.
2	Micro Economics		
(a)	Importance, scope and limitations of microeconomics	1	LO2.1.1: Define the concept of demand, state the differences between want and demand and individual and market demand
			LO2.1.2: Define and explain law of demand with the help of schedule and graph and explain assumptions and limitations of the law
(b)	Demand and Supply: • Law of demand • Law of supply • Equilibrium of demand and supply • Elasticity of demand and supply	1	 LO2.2.1: Identify the movements along and shifts of a demand curve and explain the factors responsible LO2.2.2: Assess the practical importance of law of demand. LO2.2.3: Define the concept of market and market equilibrium LO2.2.4: Explain the determination of price by equilibrium of demand and supply with the help of a schedule and graph LO2.2.5: Explain the effect of changes in demand and supply on market equilibrium LO2.2.6: Discuss the determination of price of perishable and durable goods. LO2.2.7: Define price elasticity of demand and explain the degrees of price elasticity of demand LO2.2.8: Explain approaches to measure price elasticity of demand LO2.2.9: Explain practical importance and determinants of price elasticity of demand LO2.2.10: Discuss income and cross elasticity of demand and their practical importance LO2.2.11: Describe the concept of elasticity of supply and explain the percentage and graphical methods of measurement of elasticity of supply LO2.2.12: Describe the determinants of supply and elasticity

Sylla R		Contents	Level	Learning Outcome
	(c)	Law of diminishing marginal utility and law of equi-marginal utility	2	LO2.3.1: Define the term "utility", total and marginal utility LO2.3.2: Explain the law of diminishing marginal utility with the help of a graph and a schedule
				LO2.3.3: Explain the assumptions,
				limitations and practical importance of the law of diminishing marginal utility
				LO2.3.4: Explain the law of equi- marginal utility with the help of a schedule and a graph
				LO2.3.5: Explain the limitations and practical importance of law of equi- marginal utility
	(d)	Consumer's equilibrium	2	LO2.4.1: Describe the meaning and characteristics of indifference curves
	(e)	Indifference curves	2	LO2.5.1: Explain Budget line and consumer's equilibrium through indifference curve analysis
	(f)	Perfect competition, monopoly, mono- polistic competition and oligopoly	2	LO2.6.1: Understand the concept of cost of production and its further classification into implicit and explicit costs
	(g)	Equilibrium of firms under various markets and in short-term and long-term	2	LO2.7.1: Discuss short run curves of total cost, total fixed cost, total variable cost, average cost and marginal cost with the help of a schedule and graph.
				LO2.7.2: Derive a long run average cost curve from a short run average cost curve
	(h)	Law of increasing returns and law of diminishing returns	2	LO2.8.1: Derive a long run marginal cost curve with the help of total cost curve.
				LO2.8.2: Explain the concept of economies and diseconomies of scale and their impact on the long run costs.
	(i)	Cost of revenue	2	LO2.9.1: Describe the concepts of marginal revenue, total revenue and average revenue
				LO2.9.2: Define perfect competition, state its features and explain revenue curves under perfect and imperfect competition.
3		Macroeconomics		
	(a)	Scope and limitations of macroeconomics	2	LO3.1.1: Define national income, gross domestic product, gross national product, net national product, personal income, disposable personal income per capita, nominal and real GDP
	(b)	Circular flow of income	2	LO3.2.1: Explain circular flow of national income
	(c)	National Income and related concepts i.e. GDP, GNP, NNP and DI	2	LO3.3.1: Explain the product approach, income approach and expenditure approach to the measurement of national income

Syllabus Ref	Contents	Level	Learning Outcome
(d)	Three approaches to measurement of national income	2	LO3.4.1: State the difficulties usually faced in measuring National Income.
(e)	Consumption, savings and investment functions	2	LO3.5.1: Define and explain consumption, autonomous and induced consumption, average and marginal propensity to consume
(f)	Marginal propensity to consume and save	2	LO3.6.1: Identify how Keynes' Psychological law of consumption explains the relationship between consumption and income with the help of average propensity to consume and marginal propensity to consume curves
			LO3.6.2: Explain the determinants of the consumption function
			LO3.6.3: Define and explain saving, average and marginal propensity to saving
			LO3.6.4: Explain the determinants of saving
			LO3.6.5: Understand the stability of consumption and saving functions in the short run and discuss the reasons thereof
			LO3.6.6: Understand the meaning of investment, induced investment and autonomous investment
			LO3.6.7: Explain the relationship of investment with marginal efficiency of capital and interest rate
			LO3.6.8: Explain classical and Keynesian approach to determine equilibrium level of output/income.
(g)	Multiplier and accelerator	2	LO3.7.1: Comprehend the effect of the multiplier on the level of national income and is limitations
(h)	Phases of business cycle	2	LO3.8.1: Comprehend the principle of acceleration and its assumptions
			LO3.8.2: Understand how the multiplier and accelerator interact and cause fluctuations in output.
(i)	Inflation and unemployment	2	LO3.9.1: Describe the concept of unemployment, full employment and types of unemployment
			LO3.9.2: Discuss the measures to reduce unemployment
			LO3.9.3: Understand concepts of inflation, deflation, stag-flation, wage spiral inflation, mild and hyperinflation
			LO3.9.4: Explain the causes of inflation and measures to overcome inflation with special reference to Pakistan
			LO3.9.5: Discuss the cost of inflation and Phillips Curve
(j)	Fiscal budget	2	LO3.10.1: Explain the objectives of fiscal policy and how they are achieved through fiscal budgets
			LO3.10.2: Explain the limitations of fiscal policy

	abus ef	Contents	Level	Learning Outcome
	(k)	Principles, methods and forms of taxation	2	LO3.11.1: Define direct, indirect, proportional, progressive and regressive taxation
				LO3.11.2: Understand functions of taxation, types of taxes and characteristics of good tax policy
				LO3.11.3: Explain the canons of taxation
				LO3.11.4: Explain the advantages and disadvantages of direct taxation
				LO3.11.5: Explain the advantages and disadvantages of indirect taxation.
4		Banking System, financial markets and international trade		
	(a)	Banking System	1	LO4.1.1: Define a bank and describe its kinds
		• Functions and demand for money		LO4.1.2: Describe the functions of a central bank.
		 Types of banks and financial institutions and their functions 		LO4.1.3: Understand the meaning of monetary policy
		Credit formation by banksRole of central bankMonetary policy and its objectives		LO4.1.4: Understand the objectives of monetary policy and the mutual conflict of the objectives.
	(b)	Financial Markets Money markets 	1	LO4.2.1: Describe the main features and objectives of money markets.
		Capital markets		<i>LO4.2.2:</i> Describe the main features and objectives of capital markets
	(c)	International Trade Balance of trade 	2	LO4.3.1: Distinguish between balance of trade and balance of payment
		Balance of PaymentsForeign exchange rate (fixed and		LO4.3.2: Understand the nature of items that are accounted for the concept of balance of trade and payment
		floating) and its determinationFactors affecting the size of		LO4.3.3: Understand the different parts of balance of payment
		international trades		LO4.3.4: Explain the reasons of balance of payment deficit and measures to rectify it with special reference to Pakistan
				LO4.3.5: Explain the concept of J curve and inverse J curve
				LO4.3.6: Explain the concept of exchange rate, its determination and government's policy to influence it.
	(d)	Islamic banking system	2	LO4.4.1: To understand interest free banking system
	(e)	Public & Private Finance	2	LO4.5.1: To understand the utilization of finance

LEVEL 2 BUSINESS LAW

Objective

To give students an understanding of the legal system and commercial laws; and build a knowledge base of corporate laws.

Learning	Outcome
The candi	date will be able to demonstrate:
1	Basic knowledge of the legal environment
2	Comprehension of laws governing contracts, partnership and negotiable instruments
3	Knowledge of the legal terminology of company law and the basics of company incorporation
4	Familiarity with the provisions governing the issuance of shares
5	Knowledge of the management of companies familiarity with investment by companies, financial accounts and distribution of profit
6	Knowledge of the appointment and removal of auditors and their responsibilities and duties.

S. No.	Syllabus Contents Area	Weightage %
1	Introduction to Pakistan's legal system	05 - 10
2	Contract Act 1872	15 - 20
3	Sale of Goods Act 1930	10 - 15
4	Partnership Act 1932	10 - 15
5	Companies Act, 2017	40 - 50
6	Code of Corporate Governance	10-15
	Total	100

	abus ef	Contents	Level	Learning Outcome
1		Introduction to Pakistan's Legal System		
	(a)	Sources of law and introduction to constitution of Pakistan	1	LO1.1.1: Briefly describe sources of law in Pakistan LO1.1.2: Describe the basic structure of the constitution of the Islamic Republic of Pakistan.
	(b)	Process of legislation	1	LO1.2.1: Define legislation and describe its forms LO1.2.2: Briefly describe the process of legislation as per the Constitution
	(c)	Legal system in Pakistan	1	 LO1.3.1: Identify and briefly explain the structure of the courts in Pakistan LO1.3.2 Explain alternate dispute resolution (ADR) and its advantages and disadvantages.
2		Contract Act 1872		
	(a)	Communication, acceptance and revocation of proposals	2	LO2.1.1: Be aware of circumstances or conditions when an agreement is considered as voidable / void
	(b)	Essentials of a valid contract	2	LO2.2.1: To understand the formation of valid contract
	(c)	Void agreements and voidable contracts	2	LO2.3.2: Identify different types of voidable / void agreements.

Syllabus Ref	Contents	Level	Learning Outcome
(d)	Contingent contracts	2	 LO2.4.1: Define contingent contract LO2.4.2: Identify characteristics of contingent contract LO2.4.3: Understand rules regarding contingent contract LO2.4.4: Understand the difference between contingent contact and wagering agreement.
(e)	Performance of contracts and related matters	2	 LO2.5.1: Explain performance and its types i.e. actual and attempted LO2.5.2: Understand rules relating to joint and reciprocal contracts and appropriation of payment LO2.5.3: Identify essentials of a valid tender LO2.5.4: Define tender and explain its types and effects. Describe the essentials of a valid tender LO2.5.5: Identify factors which may affect the performance of a contract LO2.5.6: Understand and apply rules relating to joint and reciprocal promises LO2.5.7: Understand the meaning of appropriation of payment and rules regarding appropriation of payment LO2.5.8: Explain the assignment of contracts.
(f)	Certain relations resembling those created by contracts	2	LO2.6.1: Explain the remedy LO2.6.2: Describe the various remedies available in case of breach of a contract
(g)	Breach of contracts	2	LO2.7.3: Understand rules relating to amount of damages LO2.7.4: Identify and explain different kinds of damages LO2.7.5: Understand the remoteness of damages.
(h)	Contracts involving indemnity & guarantee, bailment & pledge and contract of agency	2	 LO2.8.1: Define contract of indemnity and contract of guarantee. Differentiate between contract of guarantee and indemnity LO2.8.2: Identify parties in a contract of indemnity and contract of guarantee LO2.8.3: Differentiate between contract of guarantee and indemnity LO2.8.4: Describe the rights of indemnity holder LO2.8.5: Identify the essentials of the contract of guarantee LO2.8.6: Understand the kinds of guarantees i.e. specific and continuing, and revocation of continuing guarantee LO2.8.7: Describe rights and responsibilities of surety LO2.8.9: Understand rules relating to indemnity, guarantee and surety.

Sylla Re		Contents	Level	Learning Outcome
3		Sale of Goods Act 1930		
	(a)	Formation of the contract of sale	2	LO3.1.1: Definition of certain terms.
	(b)	Transfer of property and transfer of title		LO3.1.2: Meaning of contract of sale
	(c)	Performance of the contract of sale		LO3.1.3: Distinctions of sale from another similar contract
	(d)	Rights of unpaid seller		LO3.1.4: Formalities of Contract of sale
	(e)	Breach of contract of sale		LO3.1.5: Subject matter of contract of sale.
	(f)	Sale by auction		LO3.1.6: Ascertainment of price for the contract of sale LO3.1.7: Stipulation as to time
4		Partnership Act 1932		
	(a)	Scope and definitions	2	LO4.1.1: Define the terms.
	(b)	Nature of partnership	2	LO4.2.1: Understand and describe the partnership relationship, its creation and identify and explain the types of partnership and the mode of determining existence of a partnership.
	(c)	Mutual rights and duties of partners	2	LO4.3.1: Determine and explain the rights and duties of partners of the firm under various circumstances
				LO4.3.2: Explain the provisions of the law relating to conduct of the business, property of the firm and personal profits earned by partners.
	(d)	Relations of partners to third parties	2	LO4.4.1: Describe the relationship of partners with third parties
				LO4.4.2: Identify and explain the concepts of implied authority of the partner in relation to third parties, partner's authority in an emergency, mode of doing act to bind the firm, effect of admissions by a partner, effect of notice to acting partner, liability of a partner for acts of the firm and liability of the firm for wrongful acts of a partner or misapplication by partners, principle of holding out in given situations
				LO4.4.3: Identify and explain the rights and restrictions of transferee of a partner's interest
				LO4.4.4: Identify and explain the rights and liabilities of a minor admitted to the benefits of partnership.
5		Companies Act 2017		
	(a)	Definitions, Jurisdiction of Courts and incorporation of companies (Section 1 to 51)	2	L05.1.1: Define/describe the terms which are relevant to the areas covered in the syllabus.

Sylla Re		Contents	Level	Learning Outcome
	(b)	Shares and debentures, rights of shareholders, charges and mortgages (Section 57 to 117)	2	 LO5.2.1: Provision relating to nature / number of shares and other securities LO5.2.2: Describe the classes and kinds of shares LO5.2.3: Describe with simple example the condition of fully paid shares
				LO5.2.4: State the provision relating to alteration of share capital / kinds of alterations that can be made to the share capital
				LO5.2.5: Understand the meaning of variation of shareholders' rights LO5 .2.6: Demonstrate familiarity with the provisions relating to variation of Shareholders' rights.
				LO5.2.7: State the provision with respect to prohibition of purchase of own shares by a company.
	(c)	Management and Administration (Sections 142 to 204 A)	2	LO5.3.1: Discuss with simple examples the provisions with regard to having a registered office, publication of name, Penalties for non- publication of names and publication of authorized and paid- up capital.
				LO5.3.2: define minimum subscription and State the conditions to be fulfilled before commencement of business by a company
				LO5.3.3: State the applicability and non-applicability of the conditions on different kinds of company.
				LO5.3.4: State the consequences of non-compliance of Section 19
				LO5.3.5: State the timing, matters and reports relating to statutory meetings
				LO5.3.6: State the timing, matters and reports relating to an annual general meeting using simple examples
				LO5.3.7: State who can call an annual general meeting
				LO5.3.8: State the timing, matters and reports relating to an extraordinary general meeting
	(d)	Investments, contracts and disclosure of interests (Sections 208 to 229)	2	LO5.4.1: Describe the conditions applicable to a company for making investment in associated companies and undertakings.
				LO5.4.2: Discuss with simple examples as to how a company can hold its investment in names other than its own name.
				LO5.4.3: Explain the provisions/ requirements of disclosure of interest by director in contract / arrangement entered into by or on behalf of the company.
				LO5.4.4: Explain the provisions/ requirements of disclosure of interest by officers in contract / arrangement entered into by or on behalf of the company.
				LO5.4.5: Describe the provisions relating to participation of interested director in the proceedings of directors in contract /arrangement entered into by or on behalf of the company.

	Syllabu Ref	Contents	Level	Learning Outcome
	(6	Accounts, audit and distribution of profits (Sections 230 to 257)	2	LO5.5.1: Describe the provisions relating to the books of accounts to be kept by company.
				LO5.5.2: Explain the provisions/ requirements with respect to the Financial statements
				LO5.5.3: Describe contents of directors' report and statement of compliance / duty to prepare directors' report and statement of compliance
				LO5.5.4: Describe the provisions relating to approval and authentication of financial statements
				LO5.5.5: Discuss requirements of filing of financial statements with the registrar.
	1	Code of Corporate Governance		
Γ	(a	Public Sector Companies	2	LO6.1.1: Discuss the requirement of the Public sector code
		(Corporate Governance) Rules, 2013		LO6.1.2: Explain the compliance of code in various situations.
	(t	Code of Corporate Governance for Listed Companies (Chapter II, III & V)	2	LO6.2.1: Explaining the compliance to provisions of Chapters II, III and V of Corporate Governance Rules 2017

5.6 Syllabu

LEVEL 2 COST ACCOUNTING

Objective

To equip candidates with techniques of cost accounting to provide a knowledge base for decision making skills.

Learning	Outcome		
TOn the s	uccessful completion of this paper candidates will be able to:		
1 Understand the cost accounting concepts, the cost accounting cycle and the elements c cost and their accounting			
2	Differentiate between applied and actual overheads and understand the basis of allocation of overheads		
3	Comprehend the process of cost accounting under various costing systems and determine the cost of products (including joint products and by-products) and jobs the system of standard costing and compute and analyze variances		

S. No.	Syllabus Contents Area	Weightage %
1	Cost accounting concepts and accounting for material labor and factory overheads	30 - 40
2	Costing Systems	40 - 50
3	Standard costing and variance analysis	15 - 25
	Total	100

Sylla Re		Contents	Level	Learning Outcome
1 A		Cost Accounting Concepts		
	(a)	Elements of cost	2	LO1.1.1: Explain the flow of cost in the production
	(b)	Direct and indirect cost	2	process using examples LO1.2.1: Prepare accounting entries for the flow of cost.
	(c)	Applied and actual overheads	2	LO1.3.1: Describe manufacturing overheads using examples
	(d)	Fixed and variable overheads	2	LO1.4.1: Compare manufacturing, administrative and selling costs
				LO1.4.2: Identify manufacturing overheads from data provided
				LO1.4.3 : Describe and distinguish between actual overhead and applied overhead
	(e)	Period and product costs	2	LO1.5.1: Calculate applied overheads using data provided.

Syllat Re		Contents	Level	Learning Outcome
1B		Cost accounting concepts and Accounting for material, labor and factory overheads		
	(a)	 Material Procedure for procurement and recording of material Material costing methods Basis of valuation (FIFO, weighted average) Accounting for material and related costs 	2	 LO1.1.1: Apply inventory valuation methods (namely, FIFO, weighted average, lower of cost and net realizable value) in simple scenarios LO1.1.2: Comment on the suitability of inventory valuation under FIFO, weighted average, lower of cost and net realizable value LO1.1.3: Compare inventory valuation under FIFO, weighted average, lower of cost and net realizable value LO1.1.4: Calculate NRVs of inventories in a given scenario.
	(b)	 Labor Direct and indirect labor Remuneration methods (periodic basis, hourly rate, straight piece rate, differential piece rate, incentive wage plans) Labor related costs (Overtime, bonus, vacation pay, guaranteed wage plans and pensions) Accounting for labor and labor related costs 	2	 LO1.2.1: Discuss productivity and efficiency measurement in relation to controlling labor costs LO1.2.2: Explain the concept of Remuneration systems, incentive wage plans and types therein. LO1.2.3: Record labor costs LO1.2.4: Apply the impact of learning curve theory on the productivity of employees.
	(c)	 Overheads Nature of factory overhead expenses Calculation and use of predetermined factory overhead rate Accounting for actual and applied overheads and under/over absorbed overheads Allocation, apportionment and absorption of service departments overheads Analysis of under/over absorption in terms of expenditure and volume variance Administrative and selling overheads 	2	 LO1.3.1: Describe manufacturing overheads using examples LO1.3.2: Compare manufacturing, administrative and selling costs LO1.3.3: Identify manufacturing overheads from data provided LO1.3.4: Describe and distinguish between actual overhead and applied overhead LO1.3.5: Calculate applied overheads using data provided LO1.3.6: Compare actual and absorbed overheads from data provided LO1.3.7: Analyze over or under absorption in terms of expenditure and volume variances LO1.3.8: Account for over or under- absorbed overheads. LO1.3.9: Allocate costs to production and service departments using information provided LO1.3.10: Allocate costs of service departments to production department using data and information provided.
2	(a)	Costing Systems Job costing and batch costing	2	LO2.1.1: Describe job order costing
	(a)	sob costing and batch costing	L	LO2.1.2: Calculate the cost of a job and inventories by application of job order costing LO2.1.3: Prepare accounting entries under the job order costing system.

Syllal Re		Contents	Level	Learning Outcome
	(b)	Process costing	2	 LO2.2.1: Describe the process costing including the treatment of normal / abnormal loss / gain LO2.2.2: Calculate cost of product and inventories by application of process costing LO2.2.3: Prepare accounting entries under the process costing system. LO2.2.4: Account for the cost of rework LO2.2.5: Account for the units added in subsequent departments LO2.2.6: Account for the N.R.V of by- product in process account.
	(c)	Costing of joint and by-products	2	 LO2.3.1: Describe joint and by products using examples LO2.3.2: Allocate joint production costs using sales value, physical units, average units and weighted average methods LO2.3.3: Account for by-products using recognition of gross revenue, recognition of net revenue and replacement cost approaches.
	(d)	Marginal and absorption costing	2	LO2.4.1: Explain the concept of marginal costing and apply on given data LO2.4.2: Explain how marginal costing helps managerial decisions using examples.
3		Standard Costing and Variance Analysis		
	(a)	Introduction to standard costing	2	LO3.1.1: Explain standard costing using examples
	(b)	Establishing standard costs	2	LO3.2.1: Perform standard setting for material, labor and factory overhead.
	(c)	 Calculation of variances Material variances (Price, Usage, Mix and Yield variance) Labor variances (Rate and efficiency variances) Overheads (Three and four variance methods) 	2	LO3.3.1: Calculate, analyze and interpret various variances relating to material, labor and factory overhead.
	(d)	Analysis and interpretation of variances	2	LO3.4.1: Variance is the difference between an actual and estimated cost Variance analysis is one step in the process of identifying and explaining the reasons for different outcomes

Level – 3

- 7 Financial Accounting
- 8 Taxation
- 9 Business Communication & Report Writing
- **10 Management Strategy**

LEVEL 3 FINANCIAL ACCOUNTING

Objective

To provide candidates with an understanding of the fundamentals of accounting theory and basic financial accounting with particular reference to international pronouncements.

Learning	Outcome
On the su	ccessful completion of this paper candidates will be able to:
1	Prepare financial statements on the format prescribed by IAS 1
2	Determine the cost of inventory and Property, Plant and Equipment in accordance with IAS and their subsequent recording in the financial statements. Provisions, Contingent Liablities and Contingent Assets.
3	Understand and apply the rules related to revenue recognition & Understand the concepts involved in Event Occuririing after balance sheet, related party transactions and Provisions.
4	Prepare partnership accounts and prepare entries in respect of admission/retirement of partners and amalgamation/dissolution of partnership.

S. No.	Syllabus Contents Area	Weightage %
1	Preparation of Financial Statements of limited liability companies in accordance with IFRSand Companies Act, 2017	25 - 35
2	Accounting for Inventories and Property, Plant and Equipment and Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets (IAS 37)	20 - 35
3	Revenue Recognition (IFRS 15) & Event Occurring after balance sheet (IAS 10), Related party transactions (*IAS 24)	20 - 30
4	Partnership Accounts	20 - 25
	Total	100

Syllabus Ref		Contents	Level	Learning Outcome
1		Preparation of Financial Statements in accordance with IFRS		
	(a)	Statement of financial position under IAS 1	1	LO1.1.1: Prepare simple statement of financial position in accordance with the guidance in IAS 1 from data and information provided.
	(b)	Statement of comprehensive income (IAS 1)	1	LO1.2.1: Prepare simple statement of comprehensive income in accordance with the guidance in IAS 1 from data and information provided.
	(c)	Statement of cash flows (IAS 7) using direct and indirect method	1	 LO1.3.1: Demonstrate thorough understanding of cash and cash equivalents, operating, investing and financing activities LO1.3.2: Calculate changes in working capital to be included in the operating activities LO1.3.3: Compute items which are presented on
				the statement of cash flows
	(d)	Analysis of Cash flow and working Capital-New Addition Ration Analysis, Trend Analysis and Cash Flow Analysis-New Addition	1	LO1.4.1: Prepare a statement of cash flows of a limited company in accordance with IAS 7 using the indirect method.

Sylla Re		Contents	Level	Learning Outcome
2A		Accounting for Inventories (IAS 2)		
	(a)	Periodic and perpetual inventory systems and the difference between the accounting entries under the two systems.	2	 LO2.1.1: Understand and analyze the difference between perpetual and periodic inventory systems LO2.1.2: Understand and analyze the difference between FIFO and weighted average cost formulas and use them to estimate the cost of inventory LO2.1.3: Account for the application of cost formulas (FIFO/ weighted average cost) on perpetual and periodic inventory system LO2.1.4: Identify the impact of inventory valuation methods on profit.
	(b)	Cost of inventories including cost of conversion	2	LO2.2.1: Calculate cost of inventory in accordance with IAS-2 using data provided including cost of purchase, cost of conversions, and other costs LO2.2.2: Identify relevant and irrelevant cost from data provided.
	(c)	Net Realizable Value	2	 LO2.3.1: Describe Net Realizable Value (NRV) LO2.3.2: Explain the situation when the cost of inventories may not be recoverable LO2.3.3: Demonstrate the steps in measuring inventory at lower of cost or NRV LO2.3.4: Post journal entries for adjustments in carrying value (excluding reversal of write downs)
	(d)	Presentation of inventories and the related disclosures as per IAS 2	2	LO2.4.1: Understand the disclosure requirements and prepare extracts of necessary disclosures (excluding pledged inventories and reversal of write downs).
2B		Accounting for Property, Plant and Equipment (IAS 16)		
	(a)	Initial measurement of property, plant and equipment (components of cost, determining cost in case of exchange of assets)	2	LO2.1.1: Calculate the cost on initial recognition of property, plant and equipment in accordance with IAS-16 including different elements of cost and the measurement of cost LO2.1.2: Analyze subsequent expenditure that may be capitalized, distinguishing between capital and revenue items.
	(b)	Revaluation of property, plant and equipment (basic principles, accounting entries for revaluation, impairment and depreciation after revaluation)	2	LO2.2.1: Present property, plant and equipment after recognition under cost model and revaluation model using data and information provided.
	(c)	Disposal (de-recognition) of fixed assets (under cost as well as revaluation method)	2	LO2.3.1: Account for de-recognition of property, plant and equipment recognized earlier under cost and revaluation methods
	(d)	Disclosure requirements as per IAS 16	2	LO2.4.1: Post journal entries to account for de-recognition using data provided.

Syllabus Ref		Contents	Level	Learning Outcome
2C		Provisions,Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets (IAS 37)		 LO2.1.1: Identify the requirement of a provision, contingent liability and contingent asset. LO2.1.2: Determine when to recognize a provision and how to measure it. LO2.1.3: Determine when and how a contingent item should be disclosed.
3 A		Revenue from contracts with customers (IFRS-15) Revenue recognition principles;		LO3.1.1: Identify the fundamental concepts related
		Excluding		to revenue recognition and measurement.
	(a)	Variable Consideration	2	LO3.1.2: Apply the five-step revenue recognition
	(b)	Contingent Consideration		process. LO3.1.3: Apply the five-step process to major
	(c)	Rebate & Discounts		revenue recognition issues.
	(d)	Loyalty Program & Schemes		LO3.1.4: Identify presentation and disclosure
	(e)	Cost associated with obtaining and completing contracts		requirements regarding revenue
3 B		Event Occurring after balance sheet, (IAS 10)		LO3.2.1 Identify the types of events LO3.2.2 Explain the accounting treatment and disclosure requirements
3 C		related party transactions (IAS 24)		LO3.3.1 Defining related parties and related parties transactions LO3.3.2 Explaining the disclosure required under IAS 24
4		Partnership Accounts		
	(a)	Partners' capital and current accounts	2	LO6.4.1: Make journal entries in the case of the
	(b)	Allocation of profit and loss and preparation of income statement and balance sheet	2	 dissolution of a partnership to record: transfer and sale of assets and liabilities to third parties and partners
	(c)	Admission and retirement (death) of partners	2	 payment of realization expenses closing of the realization account; and settlement of partners' capital account.
	(d)	Computation and recording of goodwill	2	capital account.
	(e)	Amalgamation and dissolution	2	

LEVEL 3 TAXATION

Objective

To provide basic knowledge in the understanding of objectives of taxation and core areas of Income Tax Ordinance, 2001, Income Tax Rules 2002 and Sales Tax Act 1990 and Sales Tax Rules.

Learning	Outcome				
On the su	On the successful completion of this paper candidates will be able to:				
1	Understand the system of taxation in Pakistan				
2	Understand the ethical principles related to taxation				
3	Understand and apply provisions of Income Tax Ordinance, 2001				
4	Understand and apply provisions of Sales Tax Act, 1990				
5	Understand the main (Chapter I and II) provisions of Federal Excise Act, 2005				

S. No.	Syllabus Contents Area	Weightage %
1	System of taxation in Pakistan and constitutional provisions	8 - 12
2	Income tax	50 - 60
3	Sales tax	25 - 30
4	Federal Excise	5 - 10
5	Ethics	5-10
	Total	100

Syllabus Ref		Contents Le		Learning Outcome
1		System of Taxation in Pakistan and Constitutional Provisions		
	(a)	Different kinds of taxes and their scope	1	 LO1.1.1: Comprehend the main objectives of taxation LO1.1.2: Justify taxation as means of development. LO1.1.3: Understand the implication of direct and indirect taxation. LO1.1.4: Comprehend different kinds of taxes and their scope including the powers of provinces to legislate on taxes. LO1.1.5: State the history of taxation in the sub-continent.
	(b)	Provincial financial procedures (Article 78 to 88 of the Constitution)	1	LO1.2.1: Demonstrate familiarity with the Federal Consolidated Fund and Public Account LO1.2.2: Demonstrate familiarity with the expenditure that can be charged upon Federal Consolidated Fund.
	(c)	Provincial financial procedures (Article 118 to 127 of the Constitution)	2	LO1.3.1: Demonstrate familiarity with the Provincial Consolidated Fund and Public Account LO1.3.2: Demonstrate familiarity with the expenditure that can be charged upon Provincial Consolidated Fund.
	(d)	Distribution of revenue between Federation and the Provinces (Article 160 to 165A of the Constitution)	2	 LO1.4.1: Demonstrate familiarity with the formation of National Finance Commission and its main function LO1.4.2: Demonstrate familiarity with the taxes that can be raised under the authority of Parliament LO1.4.3: Demonstrate familiarity with the powers of provincial assemblies in respect of professional tax LO1.4.4: Demonstrate familiarity with the exemption available to federal and provincial governments LO1.4.5: Demonstrate familiarity with the tax on corporation owned by federal and provincial government.

Syllabus Ref	Contents	Level	Learning Outcome
(e)	Federal Legislative List relating to revenue generating measures (related part of Fourth Schedule to the Constitution of Pakistan		LO1.5.1: Enlist the revenue collection as mentioned at S.No.43 to 53 in Fourth Schedule attached to the Constitution
2	Income Tax		
(a)	Chapter I (Definitions as per Section 2 sub-section 1,5,5A,6,7,9,10,11,12, 11A,14,15,16,17,18,19,19A,19B,20, 21,22,23,23A,24,25,26,27,29,29A, 29C,30,30A,30AA,32,33,36,37,38, 40,41,42,43,44,44A,45,46,47,48,49, 50,51,52,53,54,55,58,59,59A,61, 61A,62,63,64,66,68,69,70,70A,73)	2	LO2.1.1: Describe the definitions given in section 2 sub-section 1, 5, 5A, 6, 7, 9,10, 11A, 15, 19, 19C, 20, 21, 22, 23,23A, 28A, 29, 29A, 29C, 33, 35C, 36, 37, 38, 44A, 46, 47, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53,59A, 66, 68, 75 LO2.1.2: Describe other definitions covered under relevant sections LO2.1.3: Understand and apply definitions on simple scenarios.
(b)	Chapter II - Charge of tax (Excluding section 7)	2	LO2.2.1: Explain the chargeability of tax with simple examples.
(c)	Chapter III - Tax on taxable income (Excluding sections 14, 23B, 29A, 30, 31, 42, 43 and 49)	2	 LO2.3.1: Understand the concepts of income, total income & taxable income with heads of income LO2.3.2: Understand and compute taxable income and tax thereon relating to salary, income from property, income from business, capital gain, dividend, profit on debt, ground rent, rent from sub-lease, income from provision of amenities, utilities or any other services connected with rented building and consideration for vacating the possession of building LO2.3.3: Explain different exemption and tax concession for income including 2nd schedule exemptions LO2.3.4: Comprehend and apply the concepts of set-off and carry forward of losses for different heads of income LO2.3.5: Understand and compute deductible allowances and tax credits available to tax payers.
(d)	Chapter IV - Common Rules	2	 LO2.4.1: Understand and apply on simple scenarios provisions for income of joint owner, apportionment of deductions, fair market value and receipt of income LO2.4.2: Explain using simple examples the provisions relating to tax year LO2.4.3: Explain with simple examples the provisions relating to disposal and acquisition of assets, cost and consideration received.
(e)	Chapter V - Provisions governing persons (Excluding sections 90, 95, 96, 97, 97A, 98, 98A, 98C)	2	LO2.5.1: Describe with simple examples the meaning of persons, resident and non-resident persons and associates. LO2.5.2: Describe with simple examples the principles of taxation of individuals.
(f)	Chapter VI - Special Industries (Section 100B and 100C)	2	LO2.5.3: Describe with simple examples the principles of taxation of association of persons and computational aspects of AoP and its members.
(g)	Chapter VII - International (Excluding sections 106 and 107)	2	LO2.6.1: Understand the applicability of tax on foreign salary income, credit against foreign tax and treatment of
(h)	Chapter VIII - Anti-avoidance (Section 111)	2	foreign loss of a resident in simple scenarios. LO2.7.1: To understand the concept of anti avoidance in relation with Income Tax Law

	abus ef	Contents	Level	Learning Outcome
	(i)	Chapter IX - Minimum Tax	2	LO2.8.1: Understand the provisions relating to Minimum Tax LO2.8.2: Calculate Minimum Tax according to the provisions.
	(j)	Chapter X - Procedure (Excluding sections 134A, 138, 138A, 141, 143, 144, 146, 146A, 146B, 156A, 156B, 165A, 170, 178, 179, 180, 181A, 181B, 181C, 182, 183, 194, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 203A, 204, 205A, 206, 206A)		 LO2.9.1: Identify persons required to furnish a return of income LO2.9.2: Identify persons not required to furnish a return of income LO2.9.3: Identify persons required to furnish wealth statements LO2.9.4: List the contents of wealth statement LO2.9.5: Understand the procedure for extension in time for furnishing the returns and other documents. LO2.9.6: Understand the meaning of assessment by Commissioner and power of Commissioner to conduct audit. LO2.9.7: List the appellate bodies LO2.9.8: Explain using simple examples the circumstances when appeal to the Commissioner (Appeals) is made and the pre-conditions applicable
	(k)	Chapter XII - Transitional Advance Tax Provisions (Section 231A, 231AA, 233, 236A, 236C, 236I, 236K, 236M and 236N)	2	LO2.10.1: Apply rules relevant to learning outcomes specified against each topic on well explained scenarios. LO2.11.1: To understand conceptual problem solving skills in context of incom tax
	(I)	Income tax rules related to above mentioned provisions of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001	2	
	(m)	First, Second and Third Schedules to the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001	2	LO2.12.1: Apply clauses relevant to learning outcomes specified against each topic on well explained scenario.
		e: Rates of tax on individuals and assoc examination paper, wherever relevant)	ciation of	persons as per First schedule would be provided in
3		Sales Tax Act 1990		
	(a)	Chapter I - Preliminary (Definitions as per Section 2 sub-sections 3, 3A, 5AA, 5AB, 6A, 6B, 7, 8, 9, 11, 11A, 12, 14, 16, 17, 19, 20, 21, 22A, 23, 25, 27, 28, 29A, 31, 33, 33A, 35, 37, 39, 40, 41, 43, 44, 46, 47, 48)	1	LO3.1.1: Describe the definitions given in section 2 sub-section 1, 3, 5AA, 5AB, 9, 11, 14, 16, 17, 19, 20, 21, 22A, 25, 27, 28, 29A, 33, 33A, 35, 39, 40, 41, 43, 44, 46, 46A, 47, 48 LO3.1.2: Describe other definitions covered under relevant sections LO3.1.3: Apply definitions on simple scenarios.
	(b)	Chapter II - Scope and payment of tax (Excluding section 7)	2	 LO3.2.1: Understand the application of sales tax law on taxable supplies including zero rated and exempt supplies LO3.2.2: State the determination, time and manner of sales tax liability and payment using simple examples LO3.2.3: Understand how excess input tax will be carried forward and refunded.

Syllabus Ref	Contents	Level	Learning Outcome
(c)	Chapter III - Registration	2	LO3.3.1: State the requirement and procedure of registration and de- registration.
(d)	Chapter IV - Book keeping and invoicing requirements	1	 LO3.4.1: List the record to be kept by a registered person LO3.4.2: State the requirements of tax invoice LO3.4.3: Explain the retention period of record using simple examples.
(e)	Chapter V - Returns	2	LO3.5.1: Understand the various types of returns required to be filed by registered and un-registered persons.
(f)	Chapter VII - Offences and penalties (Sections 33 and 34)	2	LO3.6.1: Concept of offences & penalties
(g)	Chapter VIII - Appeals (Sections 45B, 46 and 47)	2	LO3.7.1: Way & methods of appeals
(h)	Chapter X - Miscellaneous (Sections 58, 66, 67 and 73)	2	LO3.8.1: Explain the concept other issues related to sales tax
(i)	Sales Tax Rules, 2006 (Chapters I, II, III and IV)	2	LO3.9.1: Explain the requirement and procedure of registration, compulsory registration and deregistration using simple examples.
			LO3.9.2: Explain the requirement and procedure of filing of return using simple examples.
			LO3.9.3: Explain the requirement and procedure of issuing debit and credit notes using simple examples
			LO3.9.4: State the procedure for destruction of goods. LO3.9.5: Explain the requirement and procedure of apportionment of input tax using simple examples.
4	Federal Excise Act 2005		
(a)	Chapter I - Preliminary (Definitions as per Section 2 sub-sections 7, 8, 8a, 8b, 8c, 8d, 9, 9a, 10, 11, 12a, 13, 15, 16, 16a, 18, 20, 21, 21a, 22, 23, 23a, 25 and 26)		LO4.1.1: Enlist the revenue collection as mentioned at S. No. 43 to 53 in Fourth Schedule attached to the Constitution
(b)	Chapter II - Levy, collection and payment of duty		
5	Ethics		
(a)	Ethics for tax legislation		LO5.1.1: Apply critical thinking and problem-solving skills related to taxation of individuals, flow through entities, and corporations.
(b)	Ethics for taxpayers and tax practitioners		LO5.2.1: Recognize potential opportunities for tax savings and tax planning in relation with Tax
(c)	Ethics for tax implementing authorities		LO5.3.1: Demonstrate knowledge of the components of the basic income tax formula for individuals and business entities, understand when income and deductions are recognized, and describe when they are excluded (or disallowed) or deferred.
			LO5.3.2: Apply analytical reasoning tools to assess how taxes affect economic decisions for individuals and business entities.
			LO5.3.3: Understand tax-related statutory, regulatory, and professional ethics obligations and identify tax-based community service opportunities.

LEVEL 3 BUSINESS COMMUNICATION & REPORT WRITING

Object

To ensure that candidates can communicate effectively while performing their professional responsibilities

Learning	Outcome					
On the suc	On the successful completion of this paper candidates will be able to:					
1	Comprehend the concepts and principles of business communication					
2	Apply knowledge and demonstrate of interpersonal and intra-personal skills					
3	3 Understand and write various business messages-formats					
4	Understand different types of electronic communication, its key features, benefits and Limitations					
5	Write precis and Reports					

SPECIFICATION GRID

S. No.	Syllabus Contents Area	Weightage %
1	Fundamentals of Business Communication	20 – 25
2	Inter-personal and intra-personal skills	20 – 25
3	Written Business Messages	20 – 25
4	Electronic Communication	10 – 15
5	Precis and Report Writing	15 – 25
	Total	100

Sylla Re		Contents	Level	Learning Outcome
1		Fundamentals of Business Communication		
	(a)	Definition, Goals, Patterns and Channels of Business Communication	3	<i>LO1.1.1:</i> Define business communication LO1.1.2: Describe with simple examples the goals, patterns (formal and informal), and channels of business communication.
	(b)	Information needs, Components of Communication Process, Methods, Barriers	3	 LO1.2.1: Define "communication process" LO1.2.2: Explain and illustrate the components of the communication process, namely: context, sender, message, medium, recipient and feedback LO1.2.3: Identify the information needs of the organization and its sources, levels and usefulness for effective communication LO1.2.4: Explain with simple examples the barriers to effective communication
	(c)	Formal and Informal Communication and different Types of Communication networks	3	LO1.3.1: Describe different methods of communication and also state its appropriate medium LO1.3.2: Classify different types of communication networks and describe their influence on the communication process within an organization.

Sylla Re		Contents	Level	Learning Outcome
	(d)	Seven C's of effective communication	3	LO1.4.1: Describe with simple examples the seven C's of effective communicationLO1.4.2: Identify weaknesses in a given simple communication process applying the Seven C's
2		Inter-Personal and Intrapersonal Skills		
	(a)	Axioms and purposes of inter-personal communication	3	LO2.1.1: Identify the axioms of interpersonal communication
	(b) (c)	Forms of communicationOral communicationWritten communicationListening skills	3	LO2.1.2: Specify the purposes of interpersonal communicationLO2.1.3: Determine the role of stereotypes in the communication process
	(C)		5	 LO2.1.4: Identify the role of communication conflict in intercultural relationships LO2.1.5: Explain the key ways to improve interpersonal skills LO2.2.6: Identify the elements and traits of ethics in interpersonal communication.
	(d)	Non-verbal communication	3	LO2.2.1: Identify forms of non-verbal communication including facial expressions, posture, gestures, eye contact, voice and touch LO2.2.2: Explain the uses of non-verbal messages.
	(e)	Ethics in inter-personal communication	3	LO2.3.1: Develop an awareness and appreciation of the
	(f)	Basic aspects of intra-personal (self-concept, perception and expectation)	3	importance of intra- personal communication LO2.3.2: Identify the basic aspects of intra-personal communication including self-concept, perception and expectation.
3		Written Business Messages		
	(a)	Objectives and key elements of written business messages	3	 LO3.1.1: Classify the types of business letters and circulars LO3.1.2: Determine the qualities of an effective letter and circular LO3.1.3: Describe the different components of business letter LO3.1.4: Explain the salient features of persuasive letters and circulars
	(b) (c) (d) (e) (e)	Letters Memos Circulars Agendas Minutes	3	

Syllat Re		Contents	Level	Learning Outcome
4		Electronic Communication		
	(a)	Key Terms Introduction	2	LO4.1.1: Explain the main features and practical use of social networking forums, blogs, podcasting,
	(b) (c)	E-mail Video Conferencing	2	discussion boards, messaging, video conferencing and email
	()			LO4.1.2: Discuss the benefits and limitations of various types of electronic communication.
	(d)	Websites	2	LO4.1.3: State meaning, types and services of web hosting.
5		Precis and Report Writing		
	(a)	Precis Writing	3	LO5.1.1: State the meaning and purpose of a short business report
	(b)	Introduction to Business reports (objectives, common types, contents, process)	3	LO5.1.2: Describe the contents of a business report LO5.1.3: Differentiate between different types of reports
	(C)	Short Business Report	3	LO5.1.4: Explain the contents of different types of reports.
	(d)	Long report	3	

LEVEL 3 MANAGEMENT STRATEGY

Learning	Outcome					
On the suc	On the successful completion of this paper candidates will be able to:					
1	Understand the Covers information technology internal control, general controls, application controls and batch processing input controls. / Implies specific types of control activities,information technology is not a "stand-alone" control considerationApplication controls include controls over input, processing, output, master file, interface, and data management system controls.					
2	Provide a basic understanding of data analysis using statistics and to use computational tools on problems of applied nature is the objective and Explaining business Analysis is crucial to understand impediments to process efficiency andproffering effective solutions.					
3	Explaining the principles of organization structure and design; environment, strategy, technology, organizational culture, change, organizational and inter-organizational relationships, decision making hierarchies, bureaucracy, power, and politics and Understanding the role of business in society, the primary functions within a business, and peak, contraction, and trough), and describe their impact on business operations.					
4	Learn two research studies, the article identifies, compares and contrasts the various factors influencing learning in work, at organizational, functional and individual levels, and then focuses upon factors influencing computer-based learning and to Implement An Outcome-Based Learning Framework. Examining Organization's Vision And Mission. Where does the journey start? Translating Vision Into Goals. Cascading Goals. Identifying The Appropriate Learning Solution. Aligning The Learning Objectives. To Performance Objectives					
5	Understanding the issues surrounding organizational behavior. Management issues such as diversity, attitudes and job satisfaction, personality, and values in organizational behavior are explored, as well as the underlining theories behind issues such as emotions and motivation.					

SPECIFICATION GRID

S. No.	Syllabus Contents Area	Weightage %
1	Adequacy of General Information Technology Controls and Application Controls (Auditing Systems Acquisition / Development Process)	15-20
2	Data Analysis & Business Analysis on the Basis of I.T.	20-25
3	Design and Structuring of Organization & Types of Functions and Operations of Organization	20-25
4	Factors influencing Strategy of an Organization & Implementation of the Strategy	20-25
5	Theories of the Organization Behavior	10-20
	Total	100

Sylla Re		Contents	Level	Learning Outcome
1		Adequacy of General Information Technology Controls and Application Controls (Auditing Systems Acquisition / Development Process)		
	(a)	Risk of inadequate system development life cycle (SDLC) and review of development	3	LO1.1.1: Learning the right developmental strategies, procedures and systems. LO1.1.2: The process of expanding the outcomes
	(b)	Review of acquisition process for outsourcing	3	whilefocusing on the concept of outsourcing. Acquiring, reviewing and evaluating the outsourcing process.
	(c)	Information system maintenance practices	3	LO1.1.3: Understanding the steps required in maintenance such as corrective, adaptive,
	(d)	Change management	3	perfective and preventive.
	(e)	Library control software, review of the practice of project management tools and techniques	3	 LO1.1.4:Understanding the controlled identification and implementation of required changes within a computer system. LO1.1.5:Learning the protocols of Library
				management with the amalgamation technology and techniques.
2		Data Analysis		
	(a)	What is a data-base?	3	LO2.1.1:Explaining the need of data feeding into
	(b)	Data modelling;	3	computer; accessibility of data in various ways. LO2.2.1:Understanding the data objects and their
	(c)	Types of databases;	3	relationships to other data objects.
	(d)	The roles of a data-base management system	3	LO2.3.1 :Understanding the common types of databases.
	(e)	Data as a resource;	3	LO2.4.1:Explaining the functions of database
	(f)	Importance of models.	3	management system and ways of utilizing the DBMS in productive manner.
	(g)	Information systems categories;	3	LO2.5.1:Learning the development and execution
	(h)	Office automation systems	3	of architectures, policies, practices and proce- dures that properly manage the full data lifecycle
	(i)	Communication systems	3	needs of an enterprise
	(j)	Decision support systems	3	LO2.6.1: Understanding that models play a crucial role in the creation and use of these any system
	(k)	Enterprise systems	3	and help to increase their comprehensibility.
	(I)	Limitations	3	LO2.7.1:Learning different categories of Informa-
	(m)	Uses of information systems categories	3	tion systems such as; Data Processing Systems (DPS), Management Information Systems (MIS), Decision Support Systems (DSS) & Executive Information System (EIS) LO2.8.1: Explaining Office automation systems, which are configurations of networked computer hardware / software. A variety OAS are now applied to business and communication functions that used to be performed manually or in multiple locations of a company.

	abus lef	Contents	Level	Learning Outcome
				 LO2.9.1:Explaining the system that describes communication with many hardware and software tools. Knowing collection of individual communications networks, transmission systems and data terminal equipment etc. LO2.10.1:Learning about decision support system; an information system that supports business or organizational decision-making activities. LO2.11.1:Defining the system as the large complex computing systems which handle large volumes of data and enable organizations to integrate and coordinate their business processes. LO2.12.1:Dealing with lack of resources, systems and complex situations. LO2.13.1:Usage of the group of interrelated components that work to carry out input, processing, storage, output and control actions in order to convert data into information.
3		Business Analysis on the Basis of I.T		
	(a)	Identify the characteristics of big data and the different types and sources of data	3	LO3.1.1: Identification and categorization of data, statistically
	(b)	Specify uses of data analytics by organizations	3	LO3.2.1: Understanding data analytics which includes data mining, which involves sorting through large data sets to identify trends, patterns and relationships.
	(c)	Specify different types of cyber risk and attack and the steps organizations can take to improve cyber security	3	LO3.3.1 :Identifying the cyber risks that an organization faces, adapting to look at what controls to put in place, and what technologies will be needed for prevention. How improvement in technology can be deployed to prevent or reduce the impact of cyber risks, depending on risk assessment and what is deemed an acceptable level of risk.
	(d)	Specify the features and uses of cloud accounting, the internet of things and distributed ledger technology.	3	LO3.4.1: Emphasizing and learning the modern era of hosting from remote servers and their working procedures under the umbrella of accounting.
4		Design and Structuring of Organization		
	(a)	Business Values (Virtues)	3	LO4.1.1: Setting and determining the health and well-being of the business in the long run.
	(b)	Vision versus Mission	3	LO4.2.1: Understanding the statement that defines company's objectives and its relation with the statement that describes the desired future position of the company.

	abus ef	Contents	Level	Learning Outcome
	(c)	The importance of a clear Mission	3	LO4.3.1: Understanding the value of unambiguous Mission statement, and advantages of defining clear road map and the right direction.
	(d)	Components of a Vision and Mission Statements	3	LO4.4.1: Learning the core components of vision and mission statements; making them easy to define and effective.
	(e)	Characteristics of a Vision and Mission Statements	3	LO4.5.1: Understanding the features of vision and mission statements. To design general, descriptive and clear statement at the same time.
	(f)	Developing Vision and Mission Statements	3	LO4.6.1 :Designing the precise and message-conveying vision and mission statements.
5		Types of Functions and perations of Organization A typical business operation of organization may consist of the following main departments or functions:		
	(a)	Production	3	LO5.1.1: Producing refers to manufacturing or creating a product or good from raw materials.
	(b)	Research and Development (often abbreviated to R&D) Purchasing	3	LO5.2.1: Focusing on the work directed towards the innovation, introduction, and improvement of products and processes.
	(c)	Purchasing	3	LO5.3.1: Learning that the purchasing activities are needed to ensure that needed items are obtained in a timely manner and at a reasonable cost.
	(d)	Marketing (including the selling function)	3	LO5.4.1: Understanding marketing function that involves determining client. needs and wants and responding through planning.
	(e)	Human Resource Management	3	LO5.5.1: Learning the practice of recruiting, hiring, deploying and managing an organization's employees
	(f)	Accounting and Finance	3	LO5.6.1: Explaining the Accounting and Finance are the field of accounting concerned with the summary, analysis and reporting of financial transactions related to a business. This involves the preparation of financial statements available for public use
6		Factors influencing Strategy of an Organization		
	(a)	Generic Competitive Strategy	3	LO6.1.1: To familiarize the methodology designed to provide companies with a strategic plan to compete and gain an advantage within the marketplace.
	(b)	Using the Value Chain in Competitive Strategy	3	LO6.2.1: Effectiveness that how value chains can be finely tuned to gain a competitive edge

	abus ef	Contents	Level	Learning Outcome
	(c)	Pricing and Competition	3	LO6.3.1: To learn the process of selecting strategic price points to best take advantage of a product or service-based market relative to competition.
7		Implementation of the Strategy		
	(a)	Acquisition and Strategic Alliances	3	LO7.1.1: Learning Importance of alliances, join-ventures and mutual-goals achievement.
	(b)	Aligning Organizational Structure and Strategy	3	LO7.2.1 :To understand the balance between organizational strategy while achieving organization's mission and objectives
	(c)	Managing Change	3	LO7.3.1: Learning the change management; its process, tools and techniques to manage the people side of change to achieve the required business outcome
	(d)	Cost reduction Methodologies	3	LO7.4.1 :Cost reduction strategies are effective principles or methods for increasing operations efficiency. Cost reduction strategies can reduce operations costs while increasing productivity, allowing for strategic reallocation of resources.
	(e)	Evaluating Functional Strategies	3	LO7.5.1: Explaining the functional areas of a business that are commonly assigned function-specific goals are human resources, production, research and development, marketing, and perhaps information technology.
	(f)	Business Plans	3	LO7.6.1: Learning the process of planning and the differences between strategic and business planning. Understanding financial, competitors and feasibility aspects.
8		Theories of the Organization Behavior		
	(a)	 Requirements of Future Organizations Features Characterizing Future Organization: Perceived need for change Cooperation at the top Both Leadership and Management Proactive work to become future leaders Ability to implement changes Excellent Short-Term Results Structure Facilitates Change 	3	 LO8.1.1:To understand and identify trends in the development of OB LO8.1.2: To explain these trends in the light of global economies and geo-political developments LO8.1.3:Use a variety of perspectives to understand the forms and functions of modern organizations
	(b)	 Levels and perspectives in Organizational theory In this a distinction is made between these three perspectives through three primary areas of focus for a given organizational theory: Focus on Performance of tasks Focus on Motivation Focus on adjustments to the surrounding environment 		LO8.2.1: Understanding theconcept of organiza- tional theory,i.e., it is an assembly of people working together to achieve common objectives through a division of labor. The responsibilities of an organizationto provide means of using individu- al strengths within a group to achieve more than can be accomplished by the aggregate efforts of group members working individually.

Syllabus Ref	Contents	Level	Learning Outcome
(c)	The Connecting need in organizational theory This is structured according to three areas of focus and sub-divided according to the three analysis levels: • Social physiological Analysis Level • Structural analysis Level • Organizational Learning Level		 LO8.3.1:Explain how employees are motivated according to Maslow's hierarchy of needs. LO8.3.2:Explain how the ERG (existence, relatedness, growth) theory addresses the limitations of Maslow's hierarchy. LO8.3.3:Describing the differences among factors contributing to employee motivation and how these differ from factors contributing to dissatisfaction. LO8.3.4:Learning new skills or ideas, and their productivity at work may increase as they gain expertise.

Level – 4

11 Financial Reporting

12 Management Accounting

- **13 Audit, Assurance & Ethics**
- **14 Business Organization**

Objective

To broaden the knowledge base of basic accounting acquired in earlier modules with emphasis on International Financial Reporting Standards.

Learning	Outcome
On the suc	cessful completion of this paper candidates will be able to:
1	Prepare financial statements including consolidated financial statements with one subsidiary Containing disclosures in accordance with IFRS and Companies Act, 2017.
2	Accounting for transactions related to tangible and intangible assets and leases. Understand the concept of capitalization of borrowing costs.
3	Accounting for transactions related to taxation.Comprehend rules of revenue recognition. Understand the reporting of basic earing per share and segment reporting.
4	Understand the implications of changes in accounting policies, estimates and Errors. Understand the accounting of investment properties and non-current assets held for disposal. Understanding the definition of financial instrument and classification, recognition, measurement and presentation of basic financial instruments (excluding all kind of derivatives).

SPECIFICATION GRID

S. No.	Syllabus Contents Area	Weightage %
1	Final account including consolidation with a single Subsidiary	20 - 30
2	Accounting for tangible and intangible assets, leases, borrowing costs and impairment of assets (IES 16, 17, 23, 36, 38)	20 - 25
3	Ethics in Financial Reporting, Accounting for taxation, Revenue from contracts with customers, Basic Earnings per share and Segment Reporting	25 - 30
4	Changes in Accounting policies and estimates and correction of errors, non-current assets held for disposal, investment properties and basic financial instruments.	20-25
	Total	100

Sylla Re		Contents	Level	Learning Outcome
1		Final Accounts including Consolidation with a single subsidiary		
	(a)	Preparation of financial statements of limited companies under international financial reporting standards (those covered in syllabus) and Companies Act 2017.	2	 LO1.1.1: Identify the laws, regulations, reporting standards and other requirements applicable to statutory financial statements of a limited company LO1.1.2: Prepare and present the following in accordance with the disclosure requirements of IAS1, Companies Act, fourth schedule / fifth schedule Statement of financial position Statement of comprehensive income Statement of changes in equity Notes to the financial statements LO1.1.3: Prepare statement of cash flows in accordance with the requirements of IAS 7.
	(b)	Consolidated financial statements involving a single subsidiary and simple adjustments i.e. elimination of investment in subsidiary and recognizing goodwill/gain from bargain purchase; identification of non-controlling interest, inter-company sales and purchases and profit/loss on inventories (excluding tax impact).	1	 LO1.2.1: Describe the concept of a group as a single economic unit LO1.2.2: Define using simple examples subsidiary, parent and control LO1.2.3: Describe situations when control is presumed to exist LO1.2.4: Identify and describe the circumstances in which an entity is required to prepare and present consolidated financial statements LO1.2.5: Eliminate (by posting journal entries) the carrying amount of the parent's investment in subsidiary against the parent's portion of equity of subsidiary and recognize the difference between the two balances as either. goodwill; or gain from bargain purchase LO1.2.6: Define and describe non- controlling interest in the case of a partially owned subsidiary
				 LO1.2.7: Identify the non-controlling interest in the following: net assets of a consolidated subsidiary; and profit or loss of the consolidated subsidiary for the reporting period LO1.2.8: Post adjusting entries to eliminate the effects of intergroup sale of inventory and depreciable assets. LO1.2.9: Prepare and present simple consolidated statements of financial position involving a single subsidiary in accordance with IFRS 10. LO1.2.10: Prepare and present a simple consolidated statement of comprehensive income involving a single subsidiary in accordance with IFRS 10.

Sylla Re		Contents	Level	Learning Outcome
2		Accounting for Tangible and Intangible assets, leases, borrowing costs and impairment of assets		
	(a)	Recognition, de-recognition, measurement, depreciation/ amortization and measurement after recognition of non-current assets (IAS 16 and IAS 38).	2	 LO2.1.1: Explain and apply the accounting treatment of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets LO2.1.2: Formulate accounting policies in respect of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets.
	(b)	 Leases (IFRS 16) Accounting for right-of-use (ROU) of asset and lease obligations by lessee. Operating and finance lease (excluding sale and lease back transactions and dealer leasing) Preparation of amortization schedules and journal entries Preparation of extracts of financial statements showing required disclosures 	2	 LOI.2.2.1 Explain accounting lease by lessees. LOI.2.2.2 Explain accounting of operating and finance lease by lessor. LOI.2.2.3 Formulate accounting policies and prepare extracts and make disclosures.
	(c)	 Borrowing costs (IAS 23) Criteria for qualifying assets Determining amount of borrowing cost to be capitalized Disclosure requirements 	2	 LO2.3.1: Describe borrowing cost and qualifying assets using examples LO2.3.2: Identify and account for borrowing costs in accordance with IAS 23 LO2.3.3: Disclose borrowing costs in financial statements LO2.3.4: Formulate accounting policies in respect of borrowing cost.
	(d)	 Impairment of individual assets (excluding cash generating unit, goodwill and financial assets) (IAS 36) Costs of disposal, fair value and recoverable amount of an asset Measuring recoverable amount and value in use Recognizing an impairment loss Reversal of impairment loss recognized in prior period(s) 	2	 LO2.4.1: Identify and assess the circumstances when the assets may be impaired LO2.4.2: Discuss the measurement of recoverable amount LO2.4.3: Identify a cash-generating unit and assess its recoverable amount, including its components LO2.4.4: Account for the related impairment expenses (excluding accounting for reversal of impairment).

Sylla Re		Contents	Level	Learning Outcome
3		Ethics in Financial Reporting, Accounting for taxation, Revenue from contracts with customers, Basic Earnings per share and Segment Reporting		
	(a)	Ethics in Financial Reporting Fundamental principles (sections 100 to 150 of the Code of Ethics for Chartered Accountants) An understanding of ethics relating to preparation and reporting of financial information (Section 320 of Code of Ethics for Chartered Accountants)		 LO3.1.1: Explain basic tax policy considerations underlying common tax regimes. LO3.1.2: Understand tax-related statutory, regulatory, and professional ethics obligations and identify tax-based community service opportunities
	(b)	 Taxation (IAS 12) Current and prior period tax Difference between temporary and permanent timing differences Deferred tax asset, liability and charge (excluding impact of revaluation of fixed assets, business combinations and goodwill, investments in subsidiary/associated undertakings and share based payments) Journal entries Disclosures 		 LO4.1.1: Define temporary differences and identify temporary differences that cause deferred tax liabilities and deferred tax assets LO4.1.2: Determine amounts to be recognized in respect of temporary differences LO4.1.3: Prepare and present deferred tax calculations using the balance sheet approach LO4.1.4: Account for the major components of tax expense/income and its relationship with accounting profit LO4.1.5: Formulate accounting policies in respect of deferred tax LO4.1.6: Apply disclosure requirements of IAS12.
	(c)	Revenue from contract with customers (IFRS-15)	2	 LO3.3.1: Identify the fundamental concepts related to revenue recognition and measurement. LO3.3.2: Apply the five-step revenue recognition process. LO3.3.3: Apply the five-step process to major revenue recognition issues. LO3.3.4: Identify presentation and disclosure requirements regarding revenue LO 3.3.5 Accounting for Variable consideration,non-cash consideration and accounting for contract costs.
	(d)	Basics Earning per share (IAS-33)	2	LO3.4.1: Explain how to apply the criteria for determining a reportable segment
	(e)	 Segment reporting (IFRS 8) Operating segments Aggregation criteria Quantitative thresholds Disclosure requirements 	2	LO3.5.1: Understand how to prepare the disclosures required by IFRS 8 for reportable segments

Sylla Re		Contents	Level	Learning Outcome
4		Changes in Accounting Policies and Estimates and Correction of Errors, non-current assets held for disposal, investment properties, Basic financial instruments.		
	(a)	Changes in Accounting Policies and estimates, error (IAS-8)	2	 LO5.1.1: Define liability, provision, contingent liability and contingent asset also describe their accounting treatment. LO5.1.2: Distinguish between provisions, contingent liabilities or contingent assets LO5.1.3: Understand and apply the recognition and de-recognition criteria for provisions LO5.1.4: Calculate/ measure provisions such as warranties/guarantees, restructuring, onerous contracts, environmental and similar provisions, provisions for future repairs or refurbishments LO5.1.5: Account for changes in provisions
	(b)	Non-current Assets held for Disposal (IFRS 5)	2	LO5.2.1: Define accounting policies, accounting estimates and prior period errors
	(c)	Investment Properties (IAS 40)	2	LO5.2.2: Account for the effect of change in accounting estimates and policies in the financial statements
	(d)	Basis Financial Instruments: "Classification, recognition and measurement of debt and equity instruments".	2	 LO5.2.3: Understand and analyse using examples, IFRS guidance on accounting policies, change in accounting policies and disclosure LO5.2.4: Understand and analyse using examples, IFRS guidance on accounting estimates, changes in accounting estimates and disclosure LO5.2.5: Understand and analyse using examples, IFRS guidance on errors, correction of errors and disclosure LO5.2.6: Assess and account for adjusting and non-adjusting events after the reporting period. LO5.2.7 Determine items that require separate disclosure, including their accounting treatment and required disclosures. LO5.2.8: Understand and analyze using examples, going concern issues arising after the end of the reporting period.

LEVEL 4 MANAGEMENT ACCOUNTING

Objective

To equip candidates with techniques of management accounting to provide a knowledge base for decision making skills.

Learning	Outcome		
On the suc	On the successful completion of this paper candidates will be able to:		
1	Prepare budgets and forecasts and understand budgetary controls		
2	Apply the cost accounting concepts and techniques in the decision-making process		
3	Carry out performance analysis		
4	Apply the concept of time value of money		

SPECIFICATION GRID

S. No.	Syllabus Contents Area	Weightage %
1	Introduction to Management Accounting	3 - 7
2	Forecasting and Budgeting	15 - 20
3	Performance Analysis	25 - 35
4	Decision Making	30 - 40
5	Introduction to Financial Management	10 - 15
	Total	100

Syllabu Ref	s Contents	Level	Learning Outcome
1	Introduction to management accounting		
(a) Scope of management accounting	2	LO1.1.1: Explain how Management Accounting works
(b) Objectives and role of management accounting	2	LO1.1.2: Stakeholders of Management Accounting. LO1.1.3: Feasibility of the achievement of objective through Management Accounting
(c) Limitations of management accounting	1	 LO1.1.4: Drawbacks of the Management Accounting LO1.1.5: Expectation of Stakeholders from the study of Management Accounting. LO1.1.6: Difference between Cost and Management Accounting.
2	Forecasting and Budgeting		
(a) Purpose of budgeting and forecasting	2	LO2.1.1: Explain how budgeting process works and
(b) Budget and planning process		how it fits into overall planning and control LO2.1.2: Prepare forecasts on given data and
(c) Revenue and production budgets		assumptions using Qualitative and Quantitative
(d) Cash budgets		methods including Time Series Models, Moving Averages and Linear Regression Analysis.
(e) Zero based budgeting and flexible budgets		LO2.1.3: Identify and describe different purposes of budgeting
	Budgetary controls		 LO2.1.4: Identify and describe the various stages in the budgeting process LO2.1.5: Prepare following types of budgets: fixed and flexible budgets; sales budget; production budget; direct materials budget; direct labour budget; inventory budget; cost of goods sold budget; selling and administrative expenses Master/cash budget; zero based budgets, and capital expenditure budgets; LO2.1.6: Discuss various approaches to Budgeting (i.e. flexible and fixed budgets, incremental budgeting, zero based budgets, continuous (rolling) budgeting and performance budgeting LO2.1.7: Describe the human & motivational aspects of budgets.

Sylla Re		Contents	Level	Learning Outcome
3		Performance Analysis		
	(a)	Cost, volume and profit analysis		LO3.1.1: Explain the break-even point using
	(b)	Break-even analysis	2	examples and margin of safety
	(c)	Working capital management (Cash, debtor, creditors and inventory management techniques and policies)	2	LO3.1.2: Calculate the breakeven point in quantity and amount from information provided LO3.1.3: Apply cost volume profit (CVP) analysis
	(d)	Return on capital	2	and explain its usefulness for management
	(e)	Divisional performance	2	
	(f)	Transfer pricing	2	
	(g)	Performance analysis of non-profit and public welfare organization	2	
4		Decision Making		
	(a) (b) (c) (d) (e) (f) (g)	Cost Concepts in decision making Relevant cost Sunk cost Opportunity cost / imputed cost Replacement cost Differential cost Pricing decisions and pricing strategies Make or buy decisions Sell or process decision Operate or shut down decisions Utilization of spare capacity Pricing for special orders	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	 LO4.1.1: Describe opportunity cost Using examples. LO4.1.2: Describe relevant costs using examples LO4.1.3: Identify the costs that are relevant to a particular decision in given data. LO4.2.1: Apply marginal and relevant costing concepts to analyse make or buy options LO4.2.2: Analyse make or buy options in case of capacity constraints LO4.2.3: Discuss using examples the importance of qualitative considerations in make or buy decisions. LO4.2.4: Perform incremental cost benefit analysis for a special order. LO4.2.5: Perform incremental cost benefit analysis for further processing Costs
5		Introduction to Financial Management		
	(a)	Concept of present value and net present value Capital Budgeting (Capital Budget	1 2	LO5.1.1: Explain the time value of money LO5.1.2: Identify and calculate relevant cash flows for investment projects.
		Technique) Debt vs equity financing (Source of Financing)		 LO5.1.3: Calculate net present value and internal rate of return of given cash flows. LO5.1.4: Assess the usefulness of NPV and IRR models. LO5.1.5: Understand different phases

LEVEL 4 AUDIT, ASSURANCE & ETHICS

Objective

To acquire knowledge of theory, skills, techniques of auditing and to enable the students to understand International Standards on Auditing, Assurance and Ethics.

Learning	Outcome			
On the suc	On the successful completion of this paper candidates will be able to:			
1	Demonstrate knowledge of general concepts governing an audit			
2	Demonstrate working knowledge of simple audit procedures and the requirements of the Companies Act 2017 relating to audit report on financial statements			
3	Understand the guidelines provided by International Standards on Auditing on specific matters which the auditor is generally expected to deal with in any normal audit			
4	Comprehend the fundamental principles of professional ethics governing the conduct of personnel involved in audit			

SPECIFICATION GRID

S. No.	Syllabus Contents Area	Weightage %
1	General concepts and principles of audit	20 - 25
2	Performance of audit and reporting	30 - 40
3	Audit evidence	25 - 30
4	Professional Accountancy	10 - 15
5	Professional Ethics	10 - 15
	Total	100

Sylla Re		Contents	Level	Learning Outcome
1		General concepts and principles of audit		
	(a)	Introduction to International Federation of Accountants	1	 LO1.1.1: Briefly describe the organizational overview encompassing History; Vision and mission
	(b)	Introduction to International Auditing and Assurance Standard Setting Body	1	LO1.2.1: Briefly describe the objectives and functions of IAASB.
	(c)	Objectives and General Principles governing an audit (ISA 200)	2	 LO1.3.1: Describe the objectives of audit including concepts of accountability, stewardship, agency, independence and fair presentation LO1.3.2: Describe the overall objectives of the independent auditor. LO1.3.3: Describe the concepts of assurance and levels of assurance i.e. absolute, reasonable and limited assurance including elements of an assurance engagement, assurances provided by audit and review engagement LO1.3.4: Explain the requirements of an external audit, eligibility and ineligibility of auditor LO1.3.5: Describe the rights and duties of auditors LO1.3.6: Explain the nature and scope of an audit designed to enable the independent auditor to meet those objectives LO1.3.7: Outline the requirements establishing the general responsibilities of the independent auditor applicable in all audits including consideration of inherent limitations of an audit LO1.3.9: Discuss the concept of professional skepticism. LO1.3.10: List the audit procedures that can be performed by the external auditor at the interim and final stage of an audit LO1.3.11: Discuss the concept of audit of Not-for-profit organizations.
	(d)	Distinguish between the responsibilities of auditor and the accountant, in respect of financial statements	2	LO1.4.1: Understand the responsibility of management and those charged with governance for financial reporting and related internal control on financial reporting

Syllal Re		Contents	Level	Learning Outcome
	(e)	Auditor's responsibility to consider fraud (ISA 240)	2	 LO1.5.1: Distinguish between the terms 'error', 'fraud' and 'misstatement' LO1.5.2: Compare the respective responsibilities of management and auditors for fraud LO1.5.3: Describe the matters to be considered and procedures to be carried out to assist the auditor in identifying, assessing and detecting the risks of material misstatement due to fraud LO1.5.4: Identify the fraud risk factors in the simple scenario as given in the appendix 1 of ISA 240 LO1.5.5: Identify the circumstances that indicate the possibility of fraud in the simple scenario as given in the Appendix 3 of ISA 240.
	(f)	Appointment and removal of auditors (sections 252 to 260 of the Companies Act 2017)	2	 LO1.6.1: Explain how the first and subsequent auditors are appointed LO1.6.2: Explain how the first and subsequent auditors are removed LO1.6.3: Describe qualification and disqualification of the auditor LO1.6.4: Describe the powers and duties of auditors LO1.6.5: Describe the concept of audit of cost accounts LO1.6.6: Discuss the additional matters to be included in the auditor's report.
	(g)	Terms of audit engagements (ISA 210)	2	 LO1.7.1: Describe the preconditions for an audit and upon which it is necessary for the auditor and the entity's management to agree LO1.7.2: Respond if preconditions are not present or limit is imposed on scope of audit in well explained simple situations LO1.7.3: State the contents of an audit engagement letter LO1.7.4: Discuss the requirement of issuance of engagement letter and factors that necessitate the issuance of engagement letter in case of recurring audit LO1.7.5: Discuss the circumstances of acceptances of changes in terms of engagement by the auditor.
2		Performance of audit and reporting		
	(a)	Planning an audit (ISA 300)	2	 LO2.1.1: Discuss the need for planning an audit including contents of an audit plan and its relation with risk assessment LO2.1.2: Discuss the contents of overall audit strategy and audit plan LO2.1.3: State who should be involved in planning and what preliminary engagement activities are necessary LO2.1.4: Outline the additional considerations that should be identified while planning the initial audit.

Syllat Ref		Contents	Level	Learning Outcome
	(b)	Assessment of audit risks (ISA 315 and 330)	2	LO2.2.1: Discuss the risk-based approach to auditing including audit risk model
				LO2.2.2: Identify the inherent risk, control risk and detection risk in simple scenario
				LO2.2.3: Explain relationship between audit risk and its components i.e. inherent risk, control risk and detection risk
				LO2.2.4: Discuss the identification and assessment of the risks of material misstatement at both the financial statement level and assertion level, including understanding of entity, its environment, accounting and internal control systems
				LO2.2.5: Explain the elements of internal control LO2.2.6: Discuss the evaluation of controls and control environment and communication of deficiencies to the management
				LO2.2.7: Explain the categories of control activities (internal controls) by using simple examples including Application and General IT Controls
				LO2.2.8: Explain and identify the control weaknesses in the given scenario and suggest appropriate recommendations to remove these weaknesses
				LO2.2.9: Discuss and explain the limitations of internal control system
	(c)	Audit materiality (ISA 320)	2	LO2.3.1: Explain the concepts of materiality and performance materiality using simple examples.
				LO2.3.2: Explain materiality level or levels for particular classes of transactions, account balances or disclosures
				LO2.3.3: Explain the relationship between audit risk and level of materiality
	(d)	Audit evidence (ISA 500)	2	LO2.4.1: Explain, using examples, sufficient appropriate audit evidence
				LO2.4.2: Discuss the general principles assisting the auditor in assessing the relevance and reliability of audit evidence
				LO2.4.3: Discuss audit procedures to obtain audit evidence including types of audit procedures
				LO2.4.4: Discuss the course of action available to auditor in case sufficient appropriate audit evidence is not obtained
				LO2.4.5: Explain the financial statement assertions including Assertions about class of transactions, account balances and presentation and disclosure
				LO2.4.6: Explain the audit work related to Inventory

Syllabus Ref	Contents	Level	Learning Outcome
(e)	Audit sampling (ISA 530)	2	LO2.5.1: Explain audit sampling, statistical sampling and sampling and non-sampling risk using simple examples
			LO2.5.2: Discuss the relationship between sampling and audit risk model
			LO2.5.3: Explain what matters are considered by auditors in respect of sample design, size and selection of items for testing using simple examples including sample selection method.
(f)	Tests of controls and Substantive procedures (ISA 330)	2	LO2.6.1: Explain the nature, extent and timing of test of controls using simple examples
			LO2.6.2: Explain the concept of Computer Assisted Audit Techniques
			LO2.6.3: Explain how auditors evaluate the operating effectiveness of controls using simple examples
			LO2.6.4: Understand the financial statement assertions
			LO2.6.5: Briefly explain the advantages and dis-advantages of both test data and audit software.
			LO2.6.6: Discuss the use of computer software in substantive testing, auditing around the computer and directional testing
			LO2.6.7: Discuss the methods of obtaining audit evidence for substantive testing
			LO2.6.8: Explain the nature, extent and timing of substantive procedures for different items of financial statements.
			LO2.6.9: Explain the controls over major transaction cycles including related risks, weaknesses control objectives and designing appropriate tests of controls.
(g)	Analytical procedures (ISA 520)	2	LO2.7.1: Explain the nature and purpose of substantive analytical procedures using simple examples
			LO2.8.2: State the purpose of analytical procedures performed near the end of the audit
			LO2.7.2: Applying analytical procedures through calculations of different ratios for different items of financial statements
			LO2.7.3: Factors to be considered when using analytical procedures as substantive procedures
			LO2.7.4: Course of action when results of analytical procedures identify fluctuations and inconsistencies.

Sylla Re		Contents	Level	Learning Outcome
	(h)	Documentation (ISA 230)	2	 LO2.8.1: Explain the nature and purpose of audit documentation LO2.8.2: Describe the form, content and extent of audit documentation using simple examples LO2.8.3: Discuss the use of computer based audit working papers LO2.8.4: Explain the difference between permanent and current working papers with examples. LO2.8.5: List the contents of working paper file / audit documentation LO2.8.6: Discuss the ownership, custody and confidentiality of audit working papers LO2.8.7: Understand the nature of assembly of the final audit file.
	(i)	Contents of audit report of annual financial statements under Companies Act, 2017 and types of modifications in audit reports		 LO2.9.1: Understand modified and unmodified audit opinion LO2.9.2: Explain qualified opinion, disclaimer of opinion and adverse opinion LO2.9.3: Explain emphasis of matter and other matter in the auditor's report LO2.9.4: List the circumstances under which an external auditor uses an emphasis of matter and other matter paragraph in the auditor's report
3		Audit evidence		
	(a)	External Confirmations (ISA 505)	2	 LO3.1.1: Define external confirmation and list various types of third party confirmations available to an external auditor. LO3.1.2: Describe the significance of using external confirmation procedures for obtaining relevant and reliable audit evidence LO3.1.3: Describe the steps involved in external confirmation procedures LO3.1.4: Differentiate between the positive confirmation request and negative confirmation request and negative confirmation request including their appropriateness in different situations LO3.1.5: Discuss the conditions of sending negative confirmations LO3.1.6: Discuss the auditor's course of Action if management refuses to allow auditor to send confirmation.
	(b)	Subsequent events (ISA 560) (Excluding matters related to issuance of revised reports)	2	 LO3.2.1: Explain subsequent events and its relevance with the following critical dates Date of the financial statements Date of approval of the financial statements Date of the auditor's report Date the financial statements are issued

Syllabus Ref	Contents	Level	Learning Outcome
			 LO3.2.2: Explain the subsequent events review procedure LO3.2.3: Discuss the classification of subsequent events into adjusting and non-adjusting events LO3.2.4: Describe the auditor's responsibility in respect of following situations Events occurring between the date of the financial statements and the date of the auditor's report Facts which become known to the auditor after the date of the financial statements are issued Facts which become known to the auditor after the financial statements have been issued LO3.2.5: Identify the subsequent events and explain the auditor's responses.
(c)	Written representation (ISA 580)	2	 LO3.3.1: Discuss the nature of written representations as audit evidence LO3.3.2: Discuss the circumstances where written representations are necessary and the matters on which representations are commonly obtained LO3.3.3: Discuss the form and content of written representations LO3.3.4: Explain the various types of written representation LO3.3.5: Discuss the auditor's course of action if management refuses to provide requested written representation. LO3.3.6: Discuss the auditor's course of action when there is doubt as to the reliability of written representation provided by the management.
(d)	Using the work of internal auditor (ISA 610)	2	 LO3.4.1: Explain the relationship between the external auditor with internal auditors and auditor's experts LO3.4.2: Explain the internal audit function including internal audit activities LO3.4.3: Discuss the factors determining the independence of internal auditors, weaknesses and limitations of internal audit LO3.4.4: Discuss how external auditors determine whether and to what extent they use the work of internal audit

	labus Ref	Contents	Level	Learning Outcome
	(e)	Using the work of auditor's expert (ISA 620)	2	 LO3.5.1: Discuss how the auditor assesses the work of an expert LO3.5.2: Discuss how the external auditor uses the work of an auditor's Expert when that work is used to assist in obtaining auditor and auditor au
	(f)	Difference between annual audit and review of interim financial statements	2	 sufficient appropriate audit evidence. LO3.6.1: Explain the objective of a review engagement of financial statements and how it differs from an audit LO3.6.2: State the terms of engagement which may be included in the engagement letter LO3.6.3: Explain assurance and non- assurance engagement with examples. LO3.6.4: Describe the procedures generally adopted by the practitioner to obtain evidence in review engagements LO3.6.5: Discuss and explain the report issued under engagement to review financial statements.
4		Professional Accountancy		
	(a)	Fundamental principles (Section 100 to 150 of the Code of Ethics for Chartered Accountants)	2	 LO4.1.1: Describe with simple examples the fundamental principles of professional ethics of integrity, objectivity, professional competence and due care, confidentialityand professional behavior LO4.1.2: Apply the conceptual framework to identify, evaluate and address threats to compliance with fundamental principles LO4.1.3: Understand the threats and circumstances that cause threats of self-interest, self-review, advocacy, familiarity, and intimidation LO4.1.4: Discuss the safeguards to offset the threats to compliance with the fundamental principles LO4.1.5: Discuss the concept of ethical conflict resolution.
	(b)	Client and engagement acceptance (Section 210 of the Code of Ethics for Chartered Accountants)	2	 LO4.2.1: Explain the advertisement and publicity guidelines of ICAP's Code of Ethics for obtaining the audit work LO4.2.2: Apply the conceptual framework to identify, evaluate and address threats incase of Fees, Referral Fees and Tendering for audit work. LO4.2.3: Explain using simple examples the matters to be considered and the procedures that an audit firm/ professional accountant should carry out in the following circumstances: Client acceptance Engagement acceptance Changes in a professional appointment (including Additional work, Mid-Term Removal and Non-reappointment)

Syllabus Ref	Contents	Level	Learning Outcome
5	Professional Ethics		
(a)	Code of Ethics issued by IFAC	2	 LO5.1.1: Describe with simple examples the fundamental principles of professional ethics of integrity, objectivity, professional competence and due care, confidentiality and professional behavior. LO5.1.2: Apply the conceptual framework to identify, evaluate and address threats to compliance with fundamental principles. LO5.1.3: Understand the threats and circumstances that cause threats of self-interest, self-review, advocacy, familiarity, and intimidation. LO5.1.4: Discuss the safeguards to offset the threats to compliance with the fundamental principles. LO5.1.5: Discuss the concept of ethical conflict resolution.

LEVEL 4 BUSINESS ORGANIZATION

Learning	Outcome
On the suc	ccessfulcompletion ofthis papercandidateswillbe ableto:
1	Lead the organization through the discharge of its responsibilities in relation to strategic direction, policy approval, oversight and accountability such that the good governance outcomes of an ethical culture, good performance, effective control and legitimacy with stakeholders are achieved by the organization and to explain the Governance plays a pivotal role in determining how organizations function, which is why we have witnessed a proliferation of governance concepts in diverse contexts
2	Explain the investigating attributes of a risk management training decision framework has been a challenging research experience that was only made possible with the support and cooperation from a number of people.
3	Explaining the COSO internal control framework begins with a focus on organizationalobjectives for operations, reporting, and compliance and identifies five components of internal control understand an organization's environment includes factors that it can readily affect as well as factors that largely lay beyond its influence.
4	Understand the impact of globalization. Know the main aspects.

SPECIFICATION GRID

S. No.	Syllabus Contents Area	Weightage %
1	Principles of Good Goverenance (Audit Assurance)	20-25
2	Rights and Responsibilities of Stakeholders and Components of Organization Governance Framework	20-25
3	Risk Management Framework for Organization	20-25
4	Components of Internal Control Reporting Framework	20-25
5	Environment of Organization (PESTEL)&Globalization	15-20
	Total	100

Sylla Re		Contents	Level	Learning Outcome
1		Principles of Good Goverenance (Audit Assurance)		
	(a)	Participation, Representation, Fair Conduct of Elections	3	LO1.1.1: Understanding the principles that are stated to be evolutionary in nature and should be reviewed in the light of significant changes in circumstances. Learning the corporate governance, which is primarily based on ethical code of business conduct, the principles of good corporate governance should be non-binding on the corporate companies.
	(b)	Responsiveness	3	LO1.1.2: To learn the quality of reacting quickly and positively.
	(c)	Efficiency and Effectiveness	3	LO1.1.3: To learn the ability to do things well, successfully, and without waste, while the meeting the degree of successfully producing the desired result.
	(d)	Openness and Transparency	3	LO1.1.4: To increase the acceptability and making an individualtransparent and fair.
	(e)	Rule of Law	3	LO1.1.5: Understanding the restriction of the arbitrary exercise of power by subordinating it to well-defined and established laws.
	(f)	Ethical Conduct	3	LO1.1.6 :A code of ethics outlines the ethical principles that govern decisions and behavior at a company or organization.
	(g)	Competence and Capacity	3	LO1.1.7: To learn demonstrable characteristics and skills that enable performance of a job and maximizing the output.
	(h)	Innovation and Openness to Change	3	LO1.1.8: To familiarize students with the concept of continuous improvement and adaptability towards new advancements & betterment.
	(i)	Sustainability and Long-term Orientation	3	LO1.1.9: To focus on meeting the needs of the present and as well as acquiring the long-term goals.
	(j)	Sound Financial Management	3	LO1.1.10: To learn careful tracking and prudent management of company's financial resources and cash-flow.
	(k)	Human rights, Cultural Diversity and Social Cohesion	3	 LO1.1.11: Understanding the rights basic rights of workforce. LO1.1.12: Believe in co-existence and cross-cultural relations amongst the diversified workforce. LO1.1.13: The concept of social cohesion, and its relationship to human rights in particular; discrimination
	(I)	Accountability	3	LO1.1.12: To understand the responsibility within job and considering accountable for the job.

Sylla Re		Contents	Level	Learning Outcome
2		Rights and Responsibilities of Stakeholders and Components of Organization Governance Framework The main components of a governance model contain some important key aspects:		
	(a)	Board Oversight and Responsibilities	3	LO2.1.1: The responsibilities of board, carrying out oversight responsibilities across the organization in areas such as business and risk strategy, organization, financial soundness and regulatory compliance.
	(b)	Committee Authorities and Responsibilities	3	LO2.2.1: Understanding the authorities of committee. As per the bylaws, the committee is given responsibilities to act on behalf of the board, its membership, functions, and authority level.
	(c)	Organizational Design and Reporting Structure	3	LO2.3.1: Understanding the organizational design is actually a formal process of integrating people, information and technology together in the right mix to achieve objectives and its relations with organi- zational structure is the formal lines of authority
	(d)	Management Accountability and Authority	3	 LO2.4.1:Understanding the obligation. There must be an obligation or duty to do something where someone is held to account. An action. An individual is held to account for not just results, but also, actions. More than simply getting something done, accountability involves how it gets done.
	(e)	Performance Management and Incentives	3	LO2.5.1: Learning the performance management, and its pivotal elements' role in drivingcorporate decision-making for people and about people; in the form of incentives.
3		Risk Management Framework for Organization		
	(a)	Business Risks	3	LO3.3.1: Understanding the threats and prospects failure for the business.
	(b)	Enterprise Risk Management	3	LO3.3.2: Analysis about the modern businesses, how they face diverse collection of obstacles and potential dangers.
	(c)	Risk Management Responsibilities	3	LO3.3.3: Learning the set of responsibilities; to communicate risk policies and processes for an organization
	(d)	Stakeholders and Risks	3	LO3.3.4: Understanding that Risks often have difficulty clarifying the role of stakeholders in risk management.
	(e)	Risk Assessment Risk response	3	LO3.3.5: Understanding that the response(s) to a given risk should reflect the risk type, the risk assessment (likelihood, impact, and criticality) and the organization's attitude to risk.

Sylla R	abus ef	Contents	Level	Learning Outcome
4		Components of Internal Control Reporting Framework In an "effective" internal control system, the following five components work to support the achievement of an entity's mission strategies and related business objectives.		
	(a)	 Control Environment Integrity and Ethical Values Commitment to Competence Board of Directors and Audit Committee Management's Philosophy and Operating Style Organizational Structure Assignment of Authority and Responsibility Human Resource Policies and Procedures 	3	 LO4.1.1:Learning the control environment in the view of the following: Those being control environment, risk assessment, control activities, information and communication, and monitoring activities. Management establishes with board oversight, structures, reporting lines and appropriate authorizes and responsibility in pursuit of the objectives. The organization demonstrates a commitment to attract, develop and retain competent individuals in alignment with the objectives.
	(b)	Risk AssessmentCompany-wide ObjectivesProcess-level ObjectivesRisk Identification and AnalysisManaging Change	3	LO4.2.1: Explaining the Risk assessment, that it is the identification of hazards that could negatively impact an organization's ability to conduct business. Learning and identify these inherent business risks and provide measures, processes and controls to reduce the impact of these risks to business operations.
	(c)	Control Activities Policies and Procedures Security (Application and Network) Application Change Management Business Continuity/Backups Outsourcing 	3	LO4.3.1: Learning that Control activities steps are widely utilized framework containing best practices for both security and application controls. It consists of domains and processes. The basic structure indicates that IT processes satisfy business requirements, which is enabled by specific IT control activities. It also recommends best practices and methods of evaluation of an enterprise's IT controls.
	(d)	Information and CommunicationQuality of InformationEffectiveness of Communication	3	LO4.4.1: Learning the Information and communica- tions technology (ICT) skills, and the ability of an individual to converse with people through technology.
	(e)	 Monitoring Ongoing Monitoring Separate Evaluations Reporting Deficiencies 	3	LO4.5.1: Explaining the ongoing evaluations, separate evaluations and Reporting, including controls to affect the principles within each compo- nent, is present and functioning. Learning ongoing evaluations, built into business processes at different levels of the entity, provide timely informa- tion. Separate evaluations, conducted periodically, varies in scope and frequency depending on assessment of risks, effectiveness of ongoing evaluations, and other management considerations.

Syllabus Ref		Contents	Level	Learning Outcome
5		Environment of Organization (PESTEL)		
	(a)	Political Analysis	3	LO5.1.1: Learning that the political factors and several aspects of government policy can affect business. Students must find how upcoming legislations can affect their activities.
	(b)	Economic Analysis	3	LO5.2.1: Understanding how Economic factors affect business is essential to making smart decisions and guiding your company to greater heights
	(c)	Social Analysis	3	LO5.3.1: Learning the factors that include – population growth, age distribution, health consciousness, career attitudes and others.
	(d)	Technological Analysis	3	LO5.4.1: Evaluating technological factors' relation with PESTLE analysis. They can be defined as factors which relate to the presence and develop- ment of technology, on either a local or global scale
		Globalization		
	(a)	 Global Environment Affecting International Trade and Finance Trade Policies Exchange Rates, Foreign Currency Reserves and Inflation Demand Trade Balance as an Economic Indicator 	3	LO6.1.1:Learning the factors that drives supply and demand, and thus prices, are global. An under- standing of how international trade and foreign exchange rate fluctuations affect economies, companies, and investments is important. Also, understandingthese concepts in the light of Microe- conomics and Macroeconomics that how compa- nies and individuals make decisions to allocate scarce resources, and economic growth and international trade.
	(b)	 E-Commerce and Emerging Markets In our view, there are a number of factors indicating that online retail spending across emerging markets is far from played out. Urbanization Coincides with Greater Propensity to Shop Online FMCG and Food Delivery to Support Growth Traditional Retailers Developing Online Capabilities Pure-Play Online Companies Expanding Offline Offerings Cross Border E-Commerce As an Additional Driver Data Analytics Can Drive Online Revenues Further Greater Adoption of Mobile Payments in Emerging Markets Drives Growth 		 LO6.2.1: Understanding that E-commerce is the technology which is expected to become more popular in the future. While e-commerce is the maturing market, emerging economies are poised to become the next mega market as the adoption of internet rises gradually. Emerging markets are the hotbeds for e-commerce that comes with unique opportunities and challenges across the regions. LO6.2.2: In emerging markets, the e-commerce has been growing exponentially, and at a rate may soon surpass the developed countries in recent years. As, e-commerce achieves higher penetration rates in developing countries, and it will overcome obstacles to adopt the high-speed networks which are fast enough for Smartphone and shipping cost. LO6.2.3: The rapid adoption of electronic devices and subsequent access to the internet has allowed emerging market consumers to be a major global force across a range of online activities that includes all the aspects of consumer buying and preferences.